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## U.S. TO SUPPORT BRITISH PLANS IN SE ASIA

### Russian advisers in Shumchun

Two Russian advisers are working with the Chinese Maritime Customs station at Shumchun, reported the "New Life Evening Post" yesterday. The newspaper added that the advisers are also helping the Chinese in the construction of defence works.

### Shirts stripped from West German Reds

Helmstedt, May 31. Thirty Communist youths were stripped of their blue shirts which were ceremoniously burned on arriving here today from the Berlin rally.

The youths were in a lorry, which was stopped by about 100 anti-Communist Germans from the East zone, who were on their way to relatives in West Germany.

The stripping and burning were done on the British zone side of the Autobahn checkpoint.

Later hundreds of Helmstedt residents booted and shouted "traitors" as a column of 300 Communists who had walked back illegally to the British zone during the night, marched to the railway station here.

The Communists were returning from the Berlin rally. Railway station police were reinforced to control the border officials — which they had refused to do earlier in the day. — Reuter.

### Compensation for former POW's sought

London, May 31. The British Legion of Ex-Servicemen has decided to press the Government to see that former prisoners of war are compensated by the Japanese Government.

A resolution was passed at a conference yesterday and a petition was being prepared to lobby for presentation to the Treasury.

The resolution said British prisoners, who suffered ill effects through privations in Japanese war camps, should be compensated to the same extent as their counterparts from the Commonwealth and the United States.

The question was raised in Parliament earlier this month when the Under-Secretary for the Treasury said the British Government would not consider using Japanese assets in Britain as payment of compensation to former prisoners of war. — United Press.

### GENERAL SMUTS

Pretoria, May 31. General Jan Smuts, who has pneumonia, was reported by his doctor this morning to have had a very good night and to be maintaining good progress. General Smuts celebrated his eightieth birthday on Empire Day, May 24, and was taken ill three days later at his farm at Boornkloof, near here. — Reuter.

### The Weather

At 0600 GMT (8 p.m. HKST) the shallow depression now centred S of Kyushu continues to move slowly NEwards. Its associated though extensive SWwards to S of Formosa and thence across the China Sea. Its another shallow depression over Tongking. Pressure gradients are slight over the China Sea.

Today's Forecast: Light or moderate S or SE winds. Cloudy with patches of drizzle tonight. Fair intervals tomorrow.

Yesterday's Weather: Maximum: 77.5 deg. F. Minimum: 72.5 deg. F. Sunshine: 9.5 hours. Rainfall: 0.1 in. (0.01 in. over 100 ft. level). Wind: S.W. 10-15 mph. Humidity: 75-85%.

## Acheson reports to U.S. Congress on recent talks

### NO IMMEDIATE WAR THREAT

Washington, May 31.

Decisions of the British Commonwealth conference to assist in the economic betterment of Asia will get support from the United States, the Secretary of State Mr. Dean Acheson made plain today.

He also said there appeared to be no immediate threat of a world war.

Addressing a joint session of members of the Senate and of the House of Representatives, Mr. Acheson said he had discussed in London the initiative by the recent Commonwealth conference at Sydney of a programme of economic development in South and South East Asia.

"Mr. (Ernest) Bevin (British Secretary for Foreign Affairs) was informed that this Government (the U.S.) will attempt to co-ordinate its efforts in that area with the efforts of the Commonwealth, in order that our actions will be mutually supporting," the Secretary of State told the gathering in the Library of Congress.

He was reporting on the European situation, but touched on the Western Pacific briefly as it figured in the Big Three Foreign Ministers' discussions recently in London.

Speaking of his prior meeting in Paris with Mr. Robert Schuman, French Foreign Minister, a meeting which resulted in the United States pledging aid for the Bao Dai regime in Indo-China, Mr. Acheson called it "a most satisfactory discussion." He added, "Mr. Schuman recognised the problem of meeting the threat to the security of Vietnam, Cambodia and Laos is primarily the responsibility of France and the governments — and peoples — of Indo-China. On our part, I was able to inform Mr. Schuman of the assistance which the United States could provide towards the achievement of security and the development of a healthy nationalism in these associated states of Indo-China."

Mr. Acheson reported favourably on the Schuman proposal to pool the coal and steel resources of Germany and France. "Germany's re-entrance into the free Western community, which is the established policy of the three governments in occupation of Western Germany, should be greatly helped by the new climate created by the French proposal," Mr. Acheson commented.

### Overall defence

He discussed the meeting of the 12 Foreign Ministers from Atlantic Pact countries and their decision to set up an overall defence command. He said, however:

"There was nothing any of the 12 Foreign Ministers had to say which indicated there is any immediate threat of war. This is not the problem. The problem is to meet a threat which, in view of the known programme of the Kremlin, will exist unless we act now to prepare our defence against aggression."

Mr. Acheson told the Congressmen the success he had in getting the United States-sponsored programme adopted in the recent conferences in London was greatly strengthened by the successive steps taken by Congress towards enactment of the foreign economic assistance act of 1950.

"The continuance of the European Recovery Programme for the third year, the inauguration of the Point Four programme and the approval of the other provisions of this great measure are fundamental to the programme of action I wish to report," the Secretary said.

He declared that the meetings demonstrated two signs of great hope:

Here he stressed that the North Atlantic treaty is supplementary to peace work of the United Nations "but is not rival to the United Nations."

The North Atlantic community, Mr. Acheson went on to emphasize the treaty's importance, "holds the world's greatest concentration of industrial and technical skills. It is the ancient home of freedom and the rights of man. These resources must be drawn on by the entire free world in order that it may continue to make steady progress in improving the welfare of its peoples."

### Global report

Mr. Acheson's report encompassed the present political and economic situation around the globe, adds United Press. In sequence he outlined the action and opinion of the Foreign Ministers dealing with key events in the cold war as follows:

Germany: "The way had been paved for possible modification of the present technical state of war with the Bonn Republic. He expressed the hope that Germany would soon join the Council of Europe and paid tribute to the proposal of the French Foreign Minister for pooling of the German and French coal and steel industries. He said the Foreign Ministers had agreed "on proposals under which inhabitants of the Soviet Zone of occupation could join the free country in a democratic and united Germany and these have been forwarded... to the Soviet representatives with an offer to negotiate... to allow a free election in all Germany."

Austria: "The Big Three Foreign Ministers agreed soon to replace the present military government with civilian High Commissioners."

South East Asia: "Mr. Acheson paid tribute to the progress made by nations of that area toward national independence. He said they now needed a 'period of peace and quiet' to consolidate their gains and predicted that 'success of our efforts in the Atlantic community will greatly assist in giving them this opportunity.'"

Greece, Turkey and Iran: "Mr. Acheson said he and Mr. Bevin had agreed that the security and welfare of Greece, Turkey and Iran were a concern of their respective governments."

### ME security

Middle East: "We agree on firm policy toward arms shipments and security for the Arab states and Israel, which should greatly assist in promoting peace and stability in that important area."

OEEC and Economic Co-operation: "Mr. Acheson mentioned plans for a 'new working relationship between Canada, the U.S. and OEEC' as a means of working out common economic problems."

In general, Mr. Acheson said that while the London meetings had not been spectacular they were rapidly becoming a regular and established method of doing business. He said the Atlantic Pact, the Point Four, the U.S. and OEEC, and the North Atlantic community are emerging as a political

efforts to develop common policies on major problems. The Secretary emphasized the need for balanced defence forces, with each nation contributing according to its resources and abilities.

The work of the North Atlantic treaty organization in the first year of its existence has shown that the task of defence is so large, its cost in labour and material resources so high and the problem of security so indivisible, that only combined effort will be adequate.

He said the new Council of Deputies, which will co-ordinate defence and economic planning in the Atlantic area, requires a "man of the highest qualifications" at its head. He pointed out: "The job is a full-time one and requires on a full-time basis the services of the best men that members can assign to it."

Mr. Acheson told Congressmen that on his European trip he found two outstanding things: "These two developments, growing acceptance of the North Atlantic community as a community having a common interest and facing common dangers, and renewed vitality and confidence in Europe, give a warrant in saying that the meeting marked the beginning of something new, something which is full of hope and promise of strength." — Associated Press and United Press.

### CZECH TREASON TRIAL OPENS

Prague, May 31. Mrs. Milada Horakova, principal defendant in the trial of 13 Czechs charged with high treason and spying, pleaded guilty when she appeared in the dock today.

The defendants are accused of working for the "preparation of a new imperialist war, a new Munich and a new occupation of Czechoslovakia by foreign invaders."

They were stated in an indictment read today to have had contacts with British, American and French diplomats.

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### Australia to send Dakotas to Malaya

Canberra, May 31. Australia will send a squadron of two-engined Dakota transport planes with full flying and ground crews to Malaya for supply dropping and general services, the Premier, Mr. Robert Gordon Menzies, announced today. He told Parliament the squadron was being sent to Malaya at the request of the British Government and that the Australian ground crews would help service Royal Air Force craft. — United Press.

### Japs tried for attacking Americans

Tokyo, May 31. United States occupation forces headquarters today took the unusual step in ordering the immediate trial of eight Japanese arrested yesterday afternoon during a Japanese demonstration, following Memorial Day ceremonies on the Imperial Plaza here.

The eight Japanese, who are alleged to have assaulted one American officer, three non-commissioned officers and an American civilian, are charged with violation of SCAP's general order of September, 1945 for failure to obey occupation orders and/or assault on occupation members.

The police reported that the incident occurred when one of the Communist-led Japanese crowd numbering 5,000, saw an American Army sergeant taking notes during a speech delivered before a crowd of Japanese labourers and students.

One demonstrator snatched the sergeant's notebook and in the ensuing melee, the American officer and soldiers were pushed around and stoned.

The eight arrested men were assigned to the American Procuracy this afternoon when the prosecution introduced as evidence photographs taken during the disturbance.

### No delay

The United States Army's determination to swiftly punish those committing acts against occupation was emphasized in a statement today by Major-General Charles A. Willoughby, Assistant Chief of staff, who said: "We do not intend to permit any delay in the trial of people who defy or take action against Americans in uniform."

The eight accused are defended by an American army officer and two Japanese counsel.

The provost courtroom in Tokyo's Metropolitan Police building is strongly guarded by Japanese police and American military police.

The trial was recessed shortly before midnight, adds a late Associated Press report.

It will be resumed at 8 a.m. tomorrow.

The court abruptly changed its plan to "go right through the night if necessary."

The prosecution asked time to study motion pictures of the attack in the Imperial Plaza, when five U.S. soldiers were beaten, kicked and stoned. — Reuter and Associated Press.

## Strachey hunts terrorists in the Malayan jungle

Montakab, Pahang State, May 31. Mr. John Strachey, the British War Minister, went into the Pahang jungle today hunting Communist guerrillas with a rifle.

He joined a Gurkha jungle patrol which was searching for a terrorist camp near Jerantut and stalked through the undergrowth with them for nearly two hours.

They did not bag any terrorists but a perspiring War Minister said the hunt had "sifted to the bottom" the jungle.

General Strachey, who also showed him Gurkha trackers on the job. The leader of the patrol, Major J. M. Marks, from Argyle, Scotland, insisted that the operation was a genuine one and "it certainly looked like it."

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terrorists had a camp in the area. The platoon's job was to make a base deep in the jungle and then search for a week or so. After the first three days they were to be supplied by air.

Mr. Strachey, aged 48, went about like a soldier. Crouching most of the time to get through tangled rope-vines, he asked whether he could go in deeper. Mr. Strachey came out as hot as he probably frequently does after a critical House of Commons debate.

### Like the weather

After a week in Malaya, Mr. James Griffiths, the Secretary of State for the Colonies, is beginning to enjoy the "tropical sunning" of this bandit-infested country.

"I am now getting acclimatized and shall have to get re-acclimatized when I get back home," he told Reuter today.

For the first few days, after springing a trap and seeing it was empty, Mr. Strachey said he was "a bit disappointed."

## Trygve Lie returns from Moscow mission



Mr. Trygve Lie, Secretary-General of the United Nations, shown arriving in Paris by air from Moscow, where he had an interview with Marshal Stalin. Mr. Lie is pictured here as he leaves his plane on arrival at Le Bourget airfield, Paris. He had travelled via Prague, Czechoslovakia. — AP. Photo.

## Another British ship docks in Shanghai

Another British ship has made a safe passage through the main channel of the Yangtze river, and was reported last night to have docked in Shanghai. She is the Butterfield and Swire ship, ss. Tsinan — the second ship to enter Shanghai in three days.

Last Sunday, the Jardine Matheson and Company ship, ss. Mausang, broke the Nationalist blockade of that trade-starved metropolis—the first large-sized ship to do so for more than eight months.

The Tsinan entered Shanghai without incident, thereby tending to confirm reports that the Chinese Nationalist navy has completely evacuated the Yangtze river area.

The Royal Navy yesterday would neither confirm nor deny reports that the Nationalist navy was no longer in the area.

### Tsinan's cargo

Though Butterfield and Swire have not publicly announced what cargo the Tsinan was carrying, it was reliably reported that she took industrial chemicals, paper, a small amount of machinery and medical supplies into the port.

Up to a late hour last night, the ss. Mausang had not left Shanghai for their return voyage to Hong Kong—a voyage which shipping circles claim will be the "true" test of success or failure of the venture.

A shipping source said yesterday that Royal Navy warships, on regular patrols, had met both ships in international waters off the Yangtze before they crossed into territorial waters.

He added that the Royal Navy "advised" the ships on an Nationalist navy activity in the area before they went in.

The Mausang is due to leave Shanghai sometime today.

### On Other Pages

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## Another bomb in Yaumati

The discovery of an unexploded bomb or hand-grenade by an occupant of No. 49 Parkes Street in Yaumati yesterday caused considerable excitement.

It was learned that shortly after 5 p.m. an occupant of an upper floor of the address discovered a bomb or hand-grenade on the staircase. An alarm was raised and the people living at that address left the premises.

In the meantime a report was made to the Yaumati Police Station and a party of the police went to the scene. On arrival they cordoned off the area and removed the bomb.

On Monday a cigarette tin and a parcel believed to contain home-made explosives were found by the Police in front of No. 51 Parkes Street and in the compound of No. 51 Parkes Street.

## Police raid Chinese school in Singapore

Singapore, May 31. The police here detained 19 male students between 18 and 20 years of age and one teacher in a raid on the Singapore Chinese High School yesterday.

The police seized many Communist books and documents including receipts for subscriptions to the "Malayan Race Liberation Army" and copies of the Malayan Communist Party's "Students News".

A Chinese terrorist, on whose head the police had placed a reward equivalent to \$1,750, was shot and killed by police and men of the Second Scouts Guards four miles from Kuala Lumpur. Another report said that two guerrillas walked into a police jungle ambush in the Batang Malaja area of Malacca yesterday and were shot dead.

It was also reported that a guerrilla shot and seriously wounded a police constable from six feet range in a Chinese club in Batu Caves, Perak State last night. — Reuter.

## PETROL OFF RATION IN NEW ZEALAND

Wellington, May 31. Petrol will be de-rationed in New Zealand from tomorrow, it was officially announced here today.

New Zealand's Prime Minister, Mr. Sidney G. Holland, said after a Cabinet meeting today that the decision to de-ration petrol was made following the recent Anglo-American discussions and in pursuance of New Zealand's policy of obtaining "oil from sources involving the least dollar expenditure." — Reuter.

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## Hong Kong Telephone Co. approve capital increase

The Hong Kong Telephone Company Limited, at an extraordinary general meeting yesterday, approved the increase of the Company's capital from HK\$7,500,000 to HK\$19,000,000.

The new capital will be raised by the creation of 1,150,000 new shares of HK\$10 each.

### Personalia

Mr. and Mrs. Sprunt, Miss Sprunt, Messrs. P.H. Jones and H.A. Johnson left Hong Kong for Bangkok yesterday by the ss. Hermod.

Messrs. Lieou Kien, Kieou Kieou, R. Pierre, Mrs. Larviera and Mr. D. Kienner left Hong Kong for Saigon yesterday by Air France.

Mr. P. O. Phillips, News Editor of Radio Hong Kong, will speak on "Here Is the News" at the Hong Kong Rotary Club on Tuesday at the Hong Kong Hotel.

Messrs. L. J. Fortier, J. Riviere and Trinh Hoan left for Saigon yesterday by CPA.

Arrivals from Singapore yesterday by CPA included Miss N.H. Beshers, Messrs. G.E. Wallace, B.C. Caradine, D.C. Ellis and Sol Carberg.

Arrivals from Bangkok yesterday by CPA included Miss N.H. Beshers, Messrs. G.E. Wallace, B.C. Caradine, D.C. Ellis and Sol Carberg.

Mr. E. J. Brown of the China Construction Company, returned here from Borneo after two weeks' stay there.

Mr. Brown who went to Borneo on business returned here by the Cathay Pacific Airways.

The Philippines Consul in Karachi, Mr. Thakotta Soto, arrived from Calcutta by the Pan American World Airways yesterday.

Mr. Soto is on his way to Manila. He will depart from the Colony shortly.

### NEW BILLS PASSED

Three new Bills were passed into law yesterday by the Legislative Council.

The Volunteers and Naval Volunteers Pensions Ordinance 1950, which validates payments of pensions, gratuities and other grants in respect of the death, disablement or sickness of officers and volunteers of the Hong Kong Volunteer Defence Corps and members of the Hong Kong Naval Volunteer Force, who were called out on actual military service or actual service during the 1939 World War.

The Arms and Ammunition (Amendment) Ordinance 1950, which amends the principal Ordinance of 1933, and which gives power to the Commissioner of Police to grant exemptions to persons from taking out licences for possession of arms and ammunition.

An Ordinance to provide for the incorporation of the Kowloon Tong Church of the Chinese Christian and Missionary Alliance. The first and second Bills were proposed by the Attorney General, Mr. J. B. Griffin, and seconded by the Acting Colonial Secretary, Mr. R. Todd.

The third Bill was proposed by Mr. M. M. Watson and seconded by Mr. T. N. Chau.

All three Bills were passed without amendment.

### PAWA FLIGHTS

Starting from Saturday, the Pan American World Airways will inaugurate two extra flights. Originally the PAWA had no flight on Saturdays. The new flights will be to and from Tokyo.

The charge of larceny by finding against Pau Yuen, Kowloon Motor Bus Company conductor, was withdrawn before Mr. F. X. d'Almeida at Kowloon when the prosecution offered no evidence. Pau was alleged to have picked up \$9 belonging to a passenger from the floor of a Route 8 bus on May 25.

Mr. E. R. Hill, the Chairman of the Board of Directors, told shareholders the reason for increasing the capital was that the Company was under-capitalised, with share capital and reserves of some HK\$9,000,000 as against fixed assets of HK\$20,000,000.

The Company has undertaken a development scheme designed to extend the present system to meet the demand by ordering necessary equipment for additional automatic exchanges due for installation during the next three years. Before the extraordinary general meeting shareholders met at the Company's ordinary yearly meeting to pass the report and accounts for the year ended December 31, 1949.

In his review of the year's activities the Chairman, Mr. E. R. Hill, said: "The balance from working account shows an increase over 1948 of some 5% in fact. This is due to the increased number of lines we were able to install during the year and to an increase in the receipts from the Radio Telephone Service."

"In connection with the Radio Telephone Service, I must add a word of warning. The bulk of revenue from the radio service still comes from the Canton and Shanghai circuits and under present conditions, it would be unwise to assume that this revenue will continue to be maintained at its present level. In fact, revenue from the China Service has shown an appreciable fall since the beginning of this year, doubtless due to the generally unsettled conditions in Canton and Shanghai."

### Exchange profit

"The Exchange Profit represents profit on our U.S. Dollar funds held in New York, which funds, being no longer required, were liquidated during the year under review."

"Costs of materials and especially labour, have continued to increase, and during the year an increase in pay was accorded clerical staff. This, together with the continued development of our Company, which has led to a substantial increase in the total number of men employed, has resulted in an appreciable addition to our total wages bill, which with the increase in cost of materials, has to some extent off-set the increased revenue."

"It has become apparent that our charges for certain ancillary services are out of relation to the cost of providing such services. Negotiations with Government are in progress, and it is confidently expected that suitable amendments to our schedule of charges will be agreed to in the near future."

"The Telephone Ordinance rightly imposes an obligation to meet the telephonic requirements of the Colony and your Directors since the re-occupation, have shored up with the necessary development by utilising not only our Company's available liquid resources, but also additional facilities granted by our Bankers. Without waiting for the introduction of new capital, out of which it is proper that additional fixed assets should be financed. The result is now before you, in the Balance Sheet which shows that your Company is under-capitalised with share capital and Reserves of some \$9,000,000 against fixed assets of some \$20,000,000. I feel sure that you will agree that your Directors' policy has been justified when I mention that, despite the difficulty of obtaining equipment and the long term delays in manufacture, your Company has not completely rehabilitated its system and is now providing service for a greater number of subscribers than it did before the war. Unfortunately, we have still not met the demand for service which, with the continued growth of the Colony, is increasing daily."

### Capital costs

"The cost of capital expenditure has been some \$12½ million in 1949 alone. That is the amount by which your fixed assets have been increased since the date of the last balance sheet."

"The total number of direct exchange lines in operation in Hong Kong and Kowloon as at April 30 last was nearly 20,000, and the total number of instruments was about 30,000, as against pre-war figures of approximately 17,000 and 22,000 respectively. In considering these figures, it is necessary to remember that when the Colony was re-occupied there were only 9,000 telephones in service."

"During the six months of this year we have increased our radio-telephone services by the addition of circuits to Malayan and Japan. Further developments in radio-telephone services have been undertaken by the addition of circuits to the Philippines, and by the addition of circuits to the United States and Canada. These developments have been made possible by the increase in the Company's capital and reserves."

Loss of revenue from Shanghai and Canton."

The Chairman then proposed the adoption of the report and accounts. Mr. N.V.A. Crocher seconded.

### Board criticised

A shareholder, Mr. P. Loureiro, criticised the Board for the smallness of the dividend paid to shareholders which, he contended, should be at least up to 14 per cent as before the war.

He also questioned the increased amount of "loyalty" paid to Government.

The Chairman, in reply, told Mr. Loureiro that as far as loyalty to Government, there was nothing the Board could do. As for writing off plants and buildings, amounts of depreciation were not excessive when it was remembered that replacement costs were today much higher than before the war. And as for acquisition of new properties, etc., which Mr. Loureiro had also questioned, Mr. Hill explained that this was in many cases forced on the Company, as for instance the purchase of Telephone House, which was an alternative to paying fantastic rents.

Rehabilitation of pre-war buildings and extensive replacement of plants etc. were problems that have faced nearly all utility companies in Hong Kong, said Mr. Hill, and the Hong Kong Telephone Company was no exception.

When Mr. Loureiro insisted that in view of the earnings of the Company the Board could well afford to pay shareholders a dividend more commensurate with working results, and that this could have been done without carrying forward so large a sum to next year, the Chairman explained that the Company had already a large surplus with its bankers who would certainly frown upon paying out more liquid cash to shareholders in the form of dividend.

The motion to adopt the report and accounts was then put to the meeting, and was passed with Mr. Loureiro as the only dissenter.

### Capital increase

"The equipment ordered in 1947 will shortly be in full use, but the present development of the Colony could not be foreseen at that time, and the plans then made have proved inadequate to meet the present demand for telephone services. Although a certain proportion of the current demand can be considered temporary, due to the great influx of refugees, it is a fact that many organisations have permanently transferred their offices to the Colony from other parts of China, and therefore, the demand for telephone service in Hong Kong should be considerably greater than it was before 1941. This increased demand should ensure the continued and increasing prosperity of your Company."

"It has been very difficult to assess what the long term demand will be, but your Directors have been very carefully into the whole problem and have decided to adopt a development scheme designed to extend your system to meet the present demand by ordering necessary equipment for additional automatic exchanges due for installation during the next three years."

"The implementation of this programme and the payment for assets already financed by our Bankers requires additional capital, and your Directors, therefore, sought the approval of the Legislative Council in accordance with Section 6 of the Telephone Ordinance. That approval has now been given and I now formally beg to propose—

"That the authorised capital of the Company be hereby increased from the present capital of HK\$7,500,000 to HK\$19,000,000, the increase to be effected by the creation of 1,150,000 additional shares of HK\$10 each, and that such additional shares be issued at such time or times and upon such terms and conditions as the Company's Board of Directors may determine."

Mr. Hill, in the chair, said that the Board had been very careful in considering the proposal, and that the increase in capital was necessary to meet the demand for telephone services in the Colony. He said that the Board had been very careful in considering the proposal, and that the increase in capital was necessary to meet the demand for telephone services in the Colony.



Mr. Francis Brett, Senior Marine Officer, officially opened the new Marine Licensing Station at Cheung Chau yesterday. The building was designed by Miss M. Basto. Mr. C. L. Rocha is in charge of the station. Mr. Brett is seen standing on the left of Miss Basto, and Mr. Rocha on her right. "China Mail" Photo.

## New Marine Licensing Station at Cheung Chau Island officially opened

The first of five new Marine Licensing Stations was officially opened by Mr. Francis Brett, Senior Marine Officer, Marine Department yesterday at Cheung Chau Island. Four others are to be built, one at Yau-mai, one at Tai-po, one at Tai-o and one at Aberdeen.

The newly established station at Cheung Chau will for the present use the Police launch for patrolling the waters in that area. Communications with the mainland have not yet been installed although when necessary the Radio Telephone at the Cheung Chau Police Station will be put at their disposal.

### Lecture on art technique

An interesting art technique will be the subject of a lecture by Mr. A. C. Scott in the British Council Library, Gloucester Building, next Monday. The speaker will talk about Wood Engraving and will illustrate his lecture with examples of prints by distinguished contemporary British artists. The different types of tools and materials used in the craft will also be shown.

From being a purely reproductive process, a craft rather than an art, wood engraving has become widely used in Britain as a means of direct expression by artists who cut and print their own blocks. As a result, there has been a great revival in the art of the wood block, a revival which in recent years has had a marked influence on the printing and the designing and illustrating of books.

China too possesses a flourishing school of younger artists who practice in this medium, which while it is of comparatively recent growth it was first popularised among Chinese artists in the twenties. His produced some vigorous and interesting work.

Mr. Scott's lecture will start at 5.30 on June 5.

## Evidence on Chinese law given in Sun Fo case

The hearing of the maintenance case against Dr. Sun Fo was continued before Mr. Hin-shing Lo at Central yesterday when Mr. P. L. Lam gave expert evidence on Chinese law. The summons against Sun Fo brought by Nancy Nyi is for the maintenance of Lily Sun, who, she claims is the daughter of Sun Fo.

Complainant is represented by Mr. M. A. da Silva while Sir Man-kam Lo is for Dr. Sun Fo. Re-examined by Mr. Silva yesterday, Nancy Nyi said that the cheque for \$500 was given to her by Sun Fo after the birth of Lily. The cheque was drawn on the Shanghai Commercial Savings Bank.

Shown an envelope, Nancy Nyi said that she recognised it as the envelope which had contained the cheque. On the back of the envelope were some pencil marks. The number of the cheque was written on it. The number of the cheque was "lotted" down before it was cashed.

Nancy Nyi said that Sun Fo had two accounts. One was in his own name and the other under the name of Hin Hing-tung. Witnesses said that Sun Fo on two occasions tried to get the two daughters. The first request was made in 1937 and the second, the following year.

No ceremony was held at the time when the cheque was given to Nancy Nyi. She said that she had no idea of the value of the cheque at the time it was given to her. She said that she had no idea of the value of the cheque at the time it was given to her.

## Correspondence

The Editor takes no responsibility for views expressed in letters by correspondents, and by no means necessarily agrees with them.

### BEACH INCIDENT

Sir—I apologise for bothering you, but I hope your paper will publish my letter for the information of the public. On Sunday, May 28, I was witness of an incident on the 11-mile beach, the Lido, in the New Territories, that angered all who saw it. Three young girls were in one of the light rowing boats that are for hire on all the beaches. They were rather far from the shore when they were surrounded by a group of English soldiers who amused themselves by tugging the little boat. Up to this it seemed to be "good clean fun." But this changed quickly into a little drama. The soldiers prevented the boat from returning. From what I could see on the beach, the young girl who was rowing spoke to them calmly. I learnt later that she asked them to move away as the other girls in the boat could not swim well at all. The soldiers began to laugh at the girl's courage, and in a few seconds it overruled and sank. The two girls survived this incident only through the presence of a group of some other swimmers, who came to their rescue.

In view of the stupidity and danger of such an "amusement," I wonder why a policeman or a military policeman is not posted on the most crowded Kowloon beaches? The only policeman who put in an appearance was an Inspector, who arrived an hour later, asking that the culprits be identified. Who could do so, seeing there were about fifty swimmers around the direction of the boat?

I have always admired the excellent conduct of British troops in North Africa and in France, and I am surprised in Hong Kong that they are chiefly noticed for their bad behaviour. It is, indeed, a pity.

Yours faithfully,  
FREE FRENCH.

### SERVICE!

Sir—The utilities are prompt in sending out demand notes for services rendered to the general public and they expect prompt settlement of all accounts. But some seldom give the public prompt service.

Having received a notice from the Telephone Company that my deposit of HK\$100 should be paid in not later than June 5, I said that it was "essential" that I should personally make the payment in order to provide the company with a specimen of my signature. I went to the company's offices at 2.25 p.m. today (Wednesday).

But I had to wait 20 minutes to get the receipt. A clerk told me that the deposit receipt had to be seen and signed by the "talking" man. As the "talking" man apparently did not return to office until 2.45 p.m., I just had to wait. Is that service?

### YHHA

### REFORM CLUB OF HONG KONG

Sir—With reference to a letter from Mr. G. Yip published on May 23, I would like to make it clear that the Reform Club of Hong Kong is run on a strictly non-racial basis, and that its membership is open to all who have the best interests of Hong Kong at heart, and a sense of responsibility towards the Colony. Yours faithfully,  
MERRILL E. WELDON,  
Asst. Secretary,  
Reform Club of Hong Kong.

### LICENCES FOR TALLYCLERKS

All persons tallying cargo in and out of ships must be licensed. It was officially stated yesterday. Licences are obtainable at the Department of Command and Control, for the Brigade Building (2nd floor). New applications must be accompanied by a certificate of recommendation from the "Sword Measure" Office. The fee is \$5. Tallyclerks who are not in possession of licences valid to the current year are liable to a fine of \$10 and employers of such persons to a fine of \$1,000.

Eleven Chinese employees of the Hong Kong Hotel were fined \$20 by Mr. J. R. Roberts at Central yesterday. They were charged with a charge of assaulting a Chinese girl who was a member of the hotel's family, and the intention on the part of the woman to become such. Witnesses said that there must be an intention on the part of both the man and woman of permanent cohabitation. Hearing of the case was adjourned till today.

### BIBLE AUDITORIUM

Mr. F. W. Delamere will give his closing address at the Bible Auditorium, Kowloon, at 8.15 p.m. on Sunday, June 4. The subject of his address will be "The Bible and the World." The auditorium will be open from 7.30 p.m. to 8.15 p.m. on Sunday.



# Young soldier, described as psychopathic case, gets five year sentence for robbery

## Reminders

### Today

Kowloon Rotary Club luncheon, talk on "Italy for Tourists" by the Rev. Fr. T. Ryan, S.J. Peninsula Hotel, 12.30 p.m.  
Y's Men's luncheon, Roof Garden, HK Hotel, 12.45 p.m.  
Kowloon Rotary Club luncheon-meeting, Peninsula Hotel, 12.30 p.m.  
HK Women's International Club, White Drive for Services, 7.30 p.m.  
Union Jack Club, Tombola 7.30 p.m.  
Nine Dragons Services Club, HK Band Call, 8.15 p.m.  
HK Art Club, monthly exhibition, St. John's Cathedral hall, 10 a.m. to 6 p.m. (admission free).  
St. Andrew's Club, Entertainment for Forces, at Church hall, 8 p.m.  
Government presentation of insignia and awards, Government House, 10 a.m.  
Concert of Recorded music, Diocesan Boys' School, 8.15 p.m.

### Coming events

**TOMORROW**  
Organ Recital, St. John's Cathedral, 1.15 p.m.  
Women's Section, European YMCA, dressmaking, 10 a.m.  
Nine Dragons Services Club, Tombola, 8 p.m.  
Union Jack Club, Dance, 8 p.m.  
Cheero Service Club, amateur night, 7.30 p.m.  
**SATURDAY**  
Cheero Services Club, Tombola, 7.30 p.m.  
Nine Dragons Services Club, Tombola, 8 p.m.  
RAF Air Display, at Kai Tak, 3 p.m.  
**SUNDAY**  
The H. classical concert, 50, Macdonnell Road, 8.30 p.m.  
Nine Dragons Services Club, film show, 8 p.m.  
HK Art Club, sketching party to Stanley, members to meet, at Queen's Pier, 10.30 a.m.

## TERRORIST OUTRAGES IN MALAYA

Singapore, May 31.—Terrorists last night raided two rubber estates in the Klang area of Johore and burnt down plantation buildings and a rubber store. It was officially announced here today.  
Another gang shot dead the driver of a bus in the Yongpeng-Labis area of Johore, robbed the passengers of their registration cards and burnt the bus.  
A patrol of the Green Berets killed a terrorist in a banana plantation in Negri Sembilan on Monday, the announcement added.—Reuter.

## COURT BREVITIES

Pleading guilty to a charge of possession of 31 tins of raw opium, Ho Wai was fined \$5,000 or six months by Mr. J. Reynolds at Central yesterday.  
Defendant was also fined \$3,000 or three months for the possession of 12 tins of heroin pills, the sentences to be consecutive.

George McMurdo, aged 22, fourth engineer of the ss. Foo-chow, facing two charges of larceny aboard the ship and possession of stolen money, was remanded three days by Mr. F. X. d'Almada at Kowloon yesterday.  
Defendant was alleged to have stolen US\$1,017, HK\$480, a cheque for HK\$100, a gold ring and a pair of gold cuff links belonging to G. S. Ireland on May 19. He was further charged with the possession of stolen property, the United States currency, at St. Paul's Hospital on May 30.

In making the application for a remand, Inspector W. H. Summers said that the larceny offence was committed at sea between Penang and Singapore.

Five years' hard labour was imposed on Colin Scott Brown, 20-year-old Artillery gunner, yesterday, for robbery, after medical evidence showed that he was a psychopathic person who, though not mentally defective, was only 10 per cent above that degree.

The personality of the prisoner, who was brought up by foster parents, was described as having been unfavourably moulded during his childhood, which resulted in an attitude of aggression towards society today manifesting itself in his behaviour.

The Acting Chief Justice, Mr. E. H. Williams, in passing sentence, told Brown he was satisfied the robbery was not premeditated, adding: "It was a very stupid crime, from which you could not hope to get away."

Brown was found unanimously guilty by an all-men jury the day before of robbery with violence on March 19. The complainant in the case was a NAAFI boy, Cheung Ho, from whom a wrist watch, a fountain pen, woollen jacket and HK\$30 were taken that evening after a short scuffle.

Major D. J. R. Connell, RAMC psychiatric specialist at the Bowen Road Military Hospital, yesterday entered the witness box.

### Family history

He testified as to having examined the prisoner in February while the latter was awaiting trial on court martial on a military offence. From Brown, he took his family history.

Witness went on to say that Brown believed he is an illegitimate child, who was given over to the care of foster parents at the age of five. Between that time until he was 13, he had two sets of foster parents.  
"His home life was an unhappy one, and he appeared to have been deprived of the love and affection the normal child needs. His life appeared to have been one of drudgery. He was not put out to mix with other children, and it seemed he was used merely for work."

At 10, the doctor went on, Brown first got into trouble with the civil authorities for stealing. At 13, he was put on probation for another theft. He broke that probation at 14, and was sent to an approved school for three years.

Released on parole after 18 months, he again got into trouble and was returned to the same school for another three years.

After leaving the school, he joined the Army. There he made bad record for himself, among which was one court-martial for which he got 30 days detention. In April 1949, witness continued, "because of these offences, he was seen by an Army psychiatrist, who diagnosed him as a psychopathic personality, and recommended a discharge from the service on medical grounds."

"For some reasons not known, the recommendation was not carried out."

Witness told the Court that in his opinion as a result of his own findings from his examination of the prisoner in February and yesterday morning, Brown was perfectly rational. He was fit to plead in a Court of law, and fit for any punishment which might be meted out to him.

### Mitigating factor

Major Connell rejoined, however, that he would like to stress a mitigating factor.

"He has had an unfortunate early life history. He has been deprived in his childhood of the love and affection which a young child needs. This has moulded his personality, so that today he has an attitude of aggression towards society which is manifesting itself in his behaviour."

"Although I feel he was responsible for his behaviour, I do feel that he is also to some extent at the mercy of his early environment," witness said.

As to the crime of robbery, the doctor added, this is a common reaction to the individual who has gone through the kind of life which Brown had lived.

At this point, the Acting Chief Justice asked witness if he could agree with a previous assertion that the accused might be described as "dumb." The doctor replied that as a result of a test carried out on Brown, he was found to be not mentally defective, but 10 per cent above that degree.

Mr. Justice Williams here recalled what he termed the rather "stupid" way in which Brown carried out his crime. In that he informed his victim of his various particulars and whereabouts before he attacked him.

Turning to the prisoner, the Acting Chief Justice said that, the day before, he had thought to impose a six-year sentence on him.

However, after hearing the medical evidence, the Court was taking all that has been revealed into consideration, and would impose instead a five-year sentence.  
"If you used any instrument like a knife or gun, or if you had been in company with some others, I would not hesitate to give you strokes."

"I am satisfied, however, that you suddenly made up your mind to rob Cheung Ho at the time. It was a very stupid crime, from which you could not hope to get away."

After sentence was passed, Brown still protested that Cheung Ho was as much to blame as himself for his own predicament, to which the Court replied that the prisoner should have said all this during his trial as it was now too late.

## Presentation of insignia to HK residents

A presentation of insignia of awards made to Hong Kong residents in the King's New Year Honours list and to members of the local St. John Ambulance Brigade will be made by the Governor at Government House today.

The recipients will be:

CBE: Mr. Thomas Richmond Rowell.  
OBE: Mr. Lo Man-wai, MBE (Mil): Major Geoffrey Michael Addison, Major Eric Daykin Stanhope, RADC, Flight Lieutenant Arthur James Thomas Bridgman, Warrant Officer (Class 1) Joseph Rodman.  
MBE (Civil): Miss Maud Ward, Mr. Un Ting-tan, Mr. Au Kwok-leung, Mr. Ujagar Singh.  
DSC: Commander H. A. Ledebor.

Military Cross: Captain James Patschall Barratt and Captain G. A. M. Hunt.

BEM: Mr. William Clewer and Acting Quartermaster Sergeant John Arthur Abram.  
KPM: Assistant Commissioner of Police Kenneth Andrew Bidmead and Acting Deputy Chief Officer Harold Tippley.

CARNS: Sister Edith Joan McKay.

Certificate of Honour: Mr. Ma Tsui-chiu.  
Associated Knight of Grace: Mr. Aw Boon-haw, OBE.  
Commander (Brother): Mr. Arthur Wal Tak-woo.

Silver Donat's Badge: Mr. Tang Shui-kin, OBE.  
Officer (Brother): Mr. Wong Kam-chong.  
Associate Officer (Brother):



The Governor, Sir Alexander Grantham, shown inspecting the Chinese Training Unit parade at the Race Course yesterday. ("China Mail" photo).

## HK Chinese Training Unit parade

Three hundred new members of the Hong Kong Chinese Training Unit paraded with precision before Hong Kong dignitaries at Happy Valley yesterday morning.

His Excellency the Governor, Sir Alexander Grantham, and top military commanders watched the tightly disciplined units go through intricate manoeuvres after only a few months preliminary training.

Honorary canes, given to the best recruits in each section, were presented to Cheng Ching-wai, Royal Signals; Dwan Hon-chui, RASC; and Lo Ying-wah of the Royal Engineers.

For being the best recruit of the entire group, Cheng Ching-wai was also presented with a silver shield.

The troops gave the Royal Salute when Sir Alexander, and his wife, Lady Grantham arrived at 10.30 a.m.

After the awards presentation, the troops formed into platoons and marched past in close columns.

The 1st Battalion of the Royal Leicestershire Regiment played the Standard of St. George.

### Governor's address

In a brief address to the troops, His Excellency commended the troops on their smart appearance. "I have always been struck by your soldierly bearing, but all of you must remember that you should not only look smart, but be smart when carrying out your duties," he said.

He added that military discipline develops self-discipline which would be an asset to the men, not only in their military careers, but also in civil life.

Among the high-ranking officers witnessing the parade were: Acting GOC-in-C, Major-General, C. G. Evans, Air Commodore A. D. Davies, Brigadier M. S. K. Maunsell, Brigadier B. A. Coad, Brigadier D. W. Nelson.

Other notables included Acting Chief Justice, Mr. Justice E. A. Williams and Sir Shousen Chow.

## Increased meal charges for hotel residents

The Legislative Council yesterday approved an increase from \$38.50 to \$45.50 a week in meal charges for hotel residents, effective as from June 1, 1950.

The increase, in the form of an amendment to the Hotel (Amendment) Regulations under the Hotel Ordinance 1949, was recommended by the Quartering Authority, following representations from the affected hotels in the Colony who complained that the original charge was inadequate.

Introducing the motion in Council yesterday the Attorney General, Mr. J. B. Griffin, said the Hotels Ordinance 1949 when enacted, included in the schedule to it, regulations which were made to apply to some 24 hotels listed in the first schedule to such regulations.

Regulation 12 applying to these hotels requires that a Hong Kong resident shall be entitled to be provided according to a residents' menu with breakfast, lunch and dinner for a total weekly charge not exceeding \$38.50. The regulations came into force in February 1949.  
"Towards the end of last year," continued Mr. Griffin, representations were received by the Quartering Authority who, under the legislation, is entrusted with the administration of the Hotels Ordinance and Regulations.

"The representations were to the effect that, having regard to the increase in the prices of food, and the rise in the rehabilitation allowance payable to staff, it was not possible to provide a menu for Hong Kong residents at the price of \$38.50 a week; such menu to be of a type acceptable to the guests and of a type which the hotels themselves would wish to offer, a consequence being in the case of the Hong Kong and Shanghai Hotel Group (the main hotels affected) that in providing a Residents' Menu for \$38.50 the hotel was doing so at a loss.

### Carefully studied

"The representations to which I have referred were given very

careful consideration and the full co-operation of the hotels was forthcoming in the necessary examination of facts and figures. As a result, Government is satisfied that a case has been made out for the increase of the weekly charge for a Residents' Menu from \$38.50 a week to \$45.50 a week.

"Accordingly, regulations amending the Hotel Regulations, 1949, have been made by the Quartering Authority, and such regulations were published in the Gazette of last Friday, May 26. However, section 4 (3) of the Hotels Ordinance, 1949, requires that regulations made by the Quartering Authority shall be submitted to the Governor, and furthermore, requires that such regulations shall not come into force until they have been approved by resolution of this Council, resolution which I am moving to seek the approval of this Council to the amending regulations which have, as I have said, been published in the Gazette of last Friday so that such regulations may come into force with effect from June 1 and as in force operative so as to alter the weekly charge for a Residents' Menu from \$38.50 to \$45.50."

The motion was seconded by the Acting Colonial Secretary, Mr. R. R. Todd, and carried unanimously.

English classes in "First Aid to the Injured" will start on Monday, at 5.30 p.m., in the Urban Council Conference Room (top floor, Post Office Building). All interested are invited to attend.



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FOR LADIES

WHITE SHOES  
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These two superbly elegant ladies' wrist watches are presented by the great Swiss firm of Rolex. Shown at the top is a delightful model in glowing gold. Delicate beauty of design is blended with the famous Rolex precision so as to make this an ideal watch both for day and evening wear. The exquisite bracelet model (below) is fashioned in massive gold throughout. Both movements are set with 17 jewels, and can be relied upon to give that faithful service associated always with the name of Rolex.

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| "Borden's" Cheese<br>"Wej Cuts" Chive<br>\$2.25 pkt.<br>Leyden Cheese<br>\$3.00 per lb.<br>"Oak" Full Cream Milk Powder<br>12 oz. \$1.65 Tin<br>"Rainbow" Evaporated Milk .85¢ Tin<br>"C & B" Herring in Tomato Sauce<br>15 oz. \$1.05 Tin<br>"C & B" Fresh Herring<br>15 oz. \$1.05 Tin | "C & B" Sweet Mango Chutney<br>\$2.15 Bottle<br>"C & B" Marrowfat Peas<br>16 oz. 35¢ Tin<br>"Morrison's" Soft Herring Roast<br>8 oz. \$2.00 Tin | "Borden's" Cheese<br>"Wej Cuts" Cream<br>\$2.25 pkt.<br>"St Ivel" Cheese<br>\$1.75 carton<br>"B & W" Pineapple Juice<br>12 oz. \$1.05 Tin<br>"Duke's" Salad Oil<br>quart bottle \$4.45 Bottle<br>"Duke's" Salad Oil<br>Fft. Bottle \$2.55 Bottle |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|



## CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

20 Words \$2 for 1 insertion  
\$1 for every additional insertion  
10 cents every additional word per insertion  
(Alternate insertions 10% Extra)

BIRTHS, DEATHS, MARRIAGES, PERSONAL \$5 per insertion of 25 words, 25 cents every additional word per insertion.  
Classified Advertisements, accepted up to 5 p.m. for publication in the following days paper.

Replies for the Following Box Nos. are awaiting collection.

Replies will be forwarded to the Advertiser if requested on the original form which should bear their names and addresses.

A suitable announcement will be inserted free of charge if Advertiser's requirements are satisfactorily answered.

## POSITION VACANT

IMMEDIATELY General Amah for English Couple. Telephone 34121. Ext. 250. 9.00 a.m. to 4.30 p.m. or apply No. 65 Jubilee Flats Shumshulpo Camp.

## POSITIONS WANTED

EXPERIENCED Chinese Architect and Translator, 20 years in designing, estimating, managing construction works. Capable Typist, Accountant 10 years' high literary translation and writing in embassy service. Apply Box 573 "China Mail."

## WANTED KNOWN

RADIO REPAIRS performed by trained technicians under foreign supervision. Modern, accurate methods, no guesswork. Repairs include cleaning and checking chassis. Moderate rates, reliable work. Our reputation is your guarantee. Phone 26310, and we'll do the rest. Colonial Agencies, Szechol Building, 14 Queen's Road.

DRESSES and Blouses (all kinds of materials) at competitive prices—from HK\$20.00 up. Satisfaction guaranteed. Inspection cordially invited at Long Kee Ladies Tailor 31D Nathan Road Kowloon.

LADIES, we have at your service all specialized operations for Helene Curles cool waves, machineless oil perms, hairdyes & manure—ROSE MARIE Beauty Parlour—Phone 50381—43, Han-kow Rd., Kowloon.

## CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

MAY BE BOOKED AT THE SWINDON BOOK STORE, 25 NATHAN ROAD, TEL. 59327.

PEKING ART RUG CO., 221A Nathan Rd., Kowloon, sell exclusively carpets and rugs. Please drop in and have a look.

WHY LIMP about with a painful corn or ingrowing toenail when a visit to Beten's expert chiropodist can put you right? Consult Beten's Beauty Salon, 1st Floor, Exchange Building.

CARPETS, Rugs, Upholstery cleaned in your own home by modern, convenient DURACLEAN SERVICE "DURACLEAN COMPANY, DEERFIELD, ILL. U.S.A. Agent: George Lin & Co., 202 Bank of East Asia Building, Tel: 24408.

CARPETS & RUGS—Genuine Peking and Tientsin, lovely designs and colourings, various sizes come and inspect at The China Rug Co., Kowloon Building, 4th Floor, Opposite Hong Kong Hotel) Queen's Road, Central.

## FOR SALE

CONVENIENT EASY Way to own a New Pilot Radio—Whether you need a bedside model, large table model, or luxury radiogram—we have a "Pilot" to suit. Terms as low as only \$20 per month. Colonial Agencies, Szechol Building, 14 Queen's Road, Phone 26310.

DRESSES: Latest variety of ready-made Summer Dresses from \$20.00 up. Just arrived Raw Silk, Linen, Seersucker, Inspection Welcomed, orders taken. Kuo Zung Co., 32 Nathan Road, Tel. 50595.

HONG KONG FILM AND THEATRE NEWS at \$1.00 per copy. Obtainable at Leading Book Stores, Newspaper Sellers, Cinemas, and "China Mail" Office.

CHINA MAIL PICTORIAL (Revised edition) at \$3.00 per copy. Obtainable at all Leading Book Stores and "China Mail" Office.

SCRIBBLING PAGE—100 pages at 30 cents each. On sale at "China Mail" Office, Wing Lok House, Tel. 22812.

## NOTICE

D &amp; CO.

ETCO

HONG KONG  
ORDER No. E. 608  
30/50

15 Bales Grey All Wool Blankets.

Endorsed original Bill of Lading for the above has been reported lost and notice is hereby given that the said Bill of Lading is declared null and void.

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE,

Hongkong, May 27, 1950.



FOR THE PROTECTION OF CHILDREN SUFFERING FROM

Dr. F. I. Tsung  
Chairman  
China Building

THE HONGKONG SOCIETY  
Mr. Li Fook Wo  
Hon. Treasurer

The Bank of East Asia, Ltd., H.K.

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OLIVIA de HAVILLAND

for the best performance by an actress

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for the best art direction (Black & White)

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for the best costume design (Black & White)

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for the best musical scoring of a dramatic picture

She was taught to love and hate... by masters!

Olivia de Havilland

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WILLIAM WYLER'S

Heiress

MIRIAM HOPKINS, JOHN FREDSON, VERA-ALONSO, BELITA MILES

Produced and Directed by WILLIAM WYLER

## SALE OF CROWN LAND

An auction sale of Crown Land will be held at P.W.D. Headquarters on Monday, the 5th day of June, 1950 at 3 p.m.

The area which comprises 20,900 square feet is situated at Tai Po Road and is suitable for residential purposes.

Further particulars are available from the Government Gazette of May 26, 1950 or from the Crown Lands & Survey Office.

A. P. WEIR,  
Actg. Director  
of Public Works.

May 16, 1950.

## NOTICE

## HONG KONG RIFLE ASSOCIATION

It is proposed to revive the pre-war flourishing Hong Kong Rifle Association. The object of this Association will be—

(a) Encouragement of Small Arms shooting throughout the Colony by providing facilities for regular practice, for all classes of shots, both Services and Civilians, Male and Female.

(b) The selection of teams to represent the Colony in all Inter-Colonial and other events.

(c) The encouragement of Inter-Services competition and individual achievements.

(d) To provide club amenities for all those interested in the above.

2. It is proposed to hold a general meeting of all those interested, at 5.45 p.m. on June 5, in the Hong Kong Defence Force Drill Shed, on Murray Parade Ground.

3. It is hoped that everybody who is interested will make an effort to attend. Brigadier Coad, DSO, has kindly consented to open the meeting.

## NOTICE

## CHINA UNDERWRITERS, LIMITED

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Twenty-second Annual Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders of China Underwriters, Limited will be held at the Offices of the Company, 4A, Des Voeux Road Central, Hong Kong, on Monday, the 12th day of June, 1950, at noon, for the purpose of receiving the Report of the Board of Directors and a Statement of Accounts for the year ended 31st December, 1949, and of electing Directors and Auditors.

The Transfer Books and Register of Members of the Company will be closed from the 8th June, 1950 to the 12th June, 1950, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board of Directors,

E. R. CHILDE,  
Managing Director.

Hong Kong, June 1, 1950.

## HARRIMAN REALTY CO., LTD.

King's Building (2nd floor) 9 Connaught Rd., Hong Kong.

Real Estate Brokers and Valuers

## TO LET

Overlooking Repulse Bay—New 500 sq. ft. house from \$2,500 monthly for immediate occupation.

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Tel. 21668

## American International Assurance Co. meeting

The American International Assurance Company Limited held its 15th annual general meeting at Edinburgh House yesterday under the chairmanship of Mr. Gwyn M. Hughes, Managing Director.

In a review of the Company's business during the year Mr. Hughes said in part: "The Company's programme of expanding its life assurance operations has been vigorously followed during the year. Ample evidence that the Company is again strongly established in Thailand is given by the fact that the Thailand General Agency accounted for more than 18 per cent of the total new insurance sold by the Company during the year in spite of the fact that it was in active operation for less than nine months.

"The overall results of the Company's life sales programme were most gratifying. New Life assurance sales during 1949 were 94.04 per cent higher than those for 1948. The premium income, after deducting reinsurance premiums, rose 69.32 per cent over that for the previous year and the amount of life assurance in force at the year end had increased by 99.32 per cent. The mortality experience was favourable, standing at 49.34 per cent of the expected rate expressed by the mortality tables.

"During the year a new Group Life Assurance policy was developed which has enabled the Company to enter the field of mass insurance of employees through their employers, a relatively new and undeveloped market in this part of the world. Some \$4,000 of Group Life Assurance is now on the Company's books and this amount is constantly increasing.

"While the next statutory valuation of the Life Assurance Fund is not required to be made until December 31, 1950, in the interests of sound operation your Directors determined to value the fund actuarially as of the end of 1949. In order to meet actuarial requirements it was necessary to transfer \$22,500, 0/6d, from the Profit and Loss Appropriation Account to the Life Assurance Fund which currently stands on the Balance Sheet at \$115,795, 1/6d. This is the amount, scientifically calculated in accordance with accepted actuarial principles, which when added to future in-

forest earnings and life assurance premiums is sufficient to meet all policy claims as they fall due. This Fund is substantially in excess of the 1049 figure. In view of such increase the Company still maintains its General Reserve at £60,000 as an added guarantee of security.

## Post-war dividends

"The Life Revenue Account reflects the fact that in 1949 the Company began paying its first post-war dividends to life policyholders under participating policies in force two years or more. Some £2,000 were distributed.

"Reinsurance facilities in Life, Fire and Marine insurance have been greatly expanded during the year through the Company's affiliation in the American International Group. These not only make it possible for the Company to offer more complete insurance service to the public, but give it a ready inward reinsurance market from which substantial reinsurance premiums may be expected. Finally these facilities effectively protect the Company from the hazard of excessive loss.

"With these favourable reinsurance facilities now established the Company is in a position to expand its activities in the Fire and Marine fields. Plans are currently under way to register the Company for both the direct writing and reinsurance of these classes of business in Indo-China.

"It had originally been planned to extend life operations to Java during 1949, but conditions in that country still do not appear to favour such an enterprise.

## Agency recruiting

"The life assurance development programme for 1950 calls for intensive agency recruiting and training in the territories already active. In this connection the Company has been fortunate in securing the services of Mr. Luigi da Rosa as Life Sales Manager for Hong Kong. Mr. da Rosa joined the Company on January 1st, 1950. He has had broad experience in the life insurance field and his excellent work has already reflected in increased life sales in the Hong Kong territory.

"Under the able management of Mr. Tay Tin-uen the Singapore Branch continues to lead all of the Company's Branches and General Agents in life sales. This Branch operates through sub-offices throughout Malaya and in North Borneo and Sarawak.

"Early in 1950 the Company's Head Office was moved to new quarters in Edinburgh House. The benefits of uniting the Head Office staff and the Hong Kong Agency Force in one office cannot be denied. That the efficiency of both has increased since the establishment of the new office is clearly evident.

"Mr. J. R. Jones, M. C. resigned from the Board of Directors on December 9, 1949 and his resignation has been accepted with regret by the Board. The members of the Board of Directors join in expressing their appreciation for Mr. Jones' excellent services.

The report and accounts were duly seconded and adopted by the meeting.

Present were Mr. Gwyn M. Hughes (Managing Director), Messrs. Charles H. Duff, Kar, Tong-po, and K. K. Tse (Directors), Mr. B. E. Foster-Hall (Director and Secretary), and Mr. Jack Y. H. Yuen and Horace Wung (shareholders).

## DBS accountant sent to prison for embezzlement

Pleading guilty to four charges of embezzlement from the Diocesan Boys' School, Ong Leang-sin, 40-year-old accountant in the employ of the school, was sentenced to two years' hard labour by Mr. F. X. d'Almada at Kowloon yesterday.

Defendant, an overseas Chinese, was alleged to have stolen on various dates between December 1, 1948, and April 28, this year, \$15,880.20 from the accounts of the school and the pupils.

Between June 20, and June 29, 1949, defendant was alleged to have taken \$1,552, money received by him for the school. Between July 21 and July 27, 1949, he was alleged to have taken \$2,032; between August 4 and August 11, 1949, \$2,308, and between December 1, 1948, and April 28, 1950, \$9,388.20, making a total of \$15,880.20.

Mr. F. Lowe, prosecuting, said that when a audit of the school books was carried out by the school on April 28 defendant was asked to produce the cash and when he was not able to produce it a full check of the books was made. It was then found that \$15,880.20 was missing.

The school, said Mr. Lowe, keeps two accounts, one ordinary and the other for the boarding students. When students pay their tuition fees a simple transfer was made from the ordinary account to the boarding account for the payment of cash.

**Pocket money**  
However, defendant, who was pocket money from the boarding

Mr. d'Almada, in sentencing defendant to two years, said: "You asked me for leniency. I cannot see how I could take a lenient view. You are an accountant and you were entrusted with the school's money. You were alleged that you were trusted with the money."

## Anti-TB Ass'n expresses its gratitude

The Chairman of the Hong Kong Anti-Tuberculosis Association (Dr. S. N. Chau) has asked us to publish his thanks to the very many friends of the Association who have given so generously of their time and energy to make this campaign an unqualified success.

"First and foremost, we must thank the Press of the Colony for the vigorous programme it has conducted on our behalf throughout the months of April and May; the assistance accorded us is without precedent and to all sections of the Press, both English language and Chinese, we are indeed indebted. We must also thank Rediffusion for the many space hours given over to our cause and the very appreciable increase to our funds resulting therefrom; the cinemas for showing slides on our behalf; the Advertising and Publicity Bureau, the Bus Companies, the Ferry Companies, Stores, etc. who have so generously displayed posters for us. To all these friends and many others we say thank you.

And last but by no means least, we should like to thank all those who have so generously made donations. Although the publicity campaign is closing, our need for support is by no means ended, our work for the Community can only be supplemented and carried on successfully according to the measure of support that we receive. We hope that each and everyone will remember throughout the year the slogan that has appeared in this campaign—"Give that they may live."

We are also asked to acknowledge the following donations to the Association:

|                                            |             |
|--------------------------------------------|-------------|
| Previously acknowledged                    | \$71,370.20 |
| Staff of the Mercantile Bank of India Ltd. | 361.00      |
| Messrs. Northern Feather Works Ltd.        | 100.00      |
| Messrs. Vibro Piling Co. Ltd.              | 250.00      |
| The Union Trading Co. Ltd.                 | 250.00      |
| Messrs. Muller and Phipps (China) Ltd.     | 100.00      |
| Staff of Messrs. Muller and Phipps         | 70.00       |
| Staff of Messrs. Blair and Co. Ltd.        | 120.00      |
| The Staff of Reuters Ltd.                  | 65.00       |
| Total                                      | \$72,912.20 |

## Rediffusion aids anti-TB campaign

Rediffusion subscribers had contributed more than \$19,000 to the Hong Kong Anti-Tuberculosis Association campaign, up to last evening. Contributions have come from all classes of society and walks of life.

One company Rediffusion a cheque for \$2,000, a Wanchai bootblack contributed \$10 and the old woman who sells newspapers near Rediffusion House sent in a contribution of \$50.

Rediffusion "Dollars for Dices" programme, which began last Thursday evening had to be continued this week because of the large number of musical requests sent in with contributions to the anti-Tuberculosis fund.

Today "Dollars for Dices" will continue at 8.30 p.m. when the contributions and requests will be acknowledged and subscribers will be asked to telephone Rediffusion their musical request and contributions. Tonight the staff at Rediffusion will man all available telephones to be in readiness for the great number who are expected to telephone in.

If you have not already contributed to the Hong Kong Anti-Tuberculosis Association campaign you are requested to either write to Rediffusion giving them a musical request to be played on "Dollars for Dices" or to telephone Rediffusion at 26667 after 8.30 p.m. tonight to have your request included (if time permits) on this special community programme for the Anti-Tuberculosis campaign.

## British Council film shows

The British Council will resume a regular series of film shows next Thursday. The programme will consist of two films entitled "Colour" and "Plastics".

Colour plays an important part in the daily life of mankind and the first film shows the research work carried out by chemists and the new processes which are being evolved to create new dyes and to improve colour processes for use in a modern world.

Plastics has become one of the most important materials in the modern world. The film shows the manufacture of every conceivable type of plastic. Today, everything and anything is being manufactured in plastic from buttons to telephones. This film shows the stages through which the plastic material is turned into plastic and finally into the manufactured articles.

This programme will start at 8.30 p.m. on Thursday, June 9, in the British Council Library, Gloucester Building, 57 Wing Lok Street. Tickets are 10/- and 5/- only. Tickets may be obtained at 40, Prince of Wales Building, Gloucester Building.

## CARNIVAL

By Dick Turner



"When I discovered that I wasn't earning enough to afford one of those 'retire at fifty-five' plans, I just retired at thirty-five!"

## BARCLAY ON BRIDGE

By Shepard Barclay

"The Authority on Authority"

SHOW HIM A THIRD SUIT  
YOU HAVE shown one, suit, your partner has bid a second one and you have a strong three-card holding in a third suit. But you don't dare try No Trumps because you have no stoppers in the fourth. Perhaps your partner has that one plugged. But how are you going to find it out? In some situations you can ascertain by bidding your three-card suit, thereby putting him in position to bid the No Trump game if he can take care of the unnamed suit.

|           |             |  |  |  |
|-----------|-------------|--|--|--|
| S 7 4 2   |             |  |  |  |
| H A Q J 6 |             |  |  |  |
| D A K J   |             |  |  |  |
| C 10 9 8  |             |  |  |  |
|           | S 3         |  |  |  |
|           | H 10 9 5 4  |  |  |  |
|           | D 9 8 5 4 3 |  |  |  |
|           | C 4 3 2     |  |  |  |
|           | S A 10 8    |  |  |  |
|           | H 8 3       |  |  |  |
|           | D 8 7       |  |  |  |
|           | C A Q J 8 5 |  |  |  |

(Dealer: South. North-South vulnerable.)  
South West North East  
1 C 1 S 2 H Pass  
3 C Pass 3 D Pass  
3 NT  
The key bid in that sequence was North's 3-Diamonds. He was strong enough in general to try 3-No Trumps himself if he knew that enough of South's high cards were in the spades. But he had no such information. So far as he could tell, South might have had both top club honours and perhaps the heart K, with nothing at all of value in the spades. His diamond bid, however, not

only gave South information about the suit, but virtually commanded South to bid No Trumps if he stopped the spades adequately. He did.

There was no great risk to that diamond bid, since the suit was a minor and South would not be likely to support it unless he had no alternative. That was a slight risk, and what the pair stood to gain by that bid was much more than what it stood to lose.

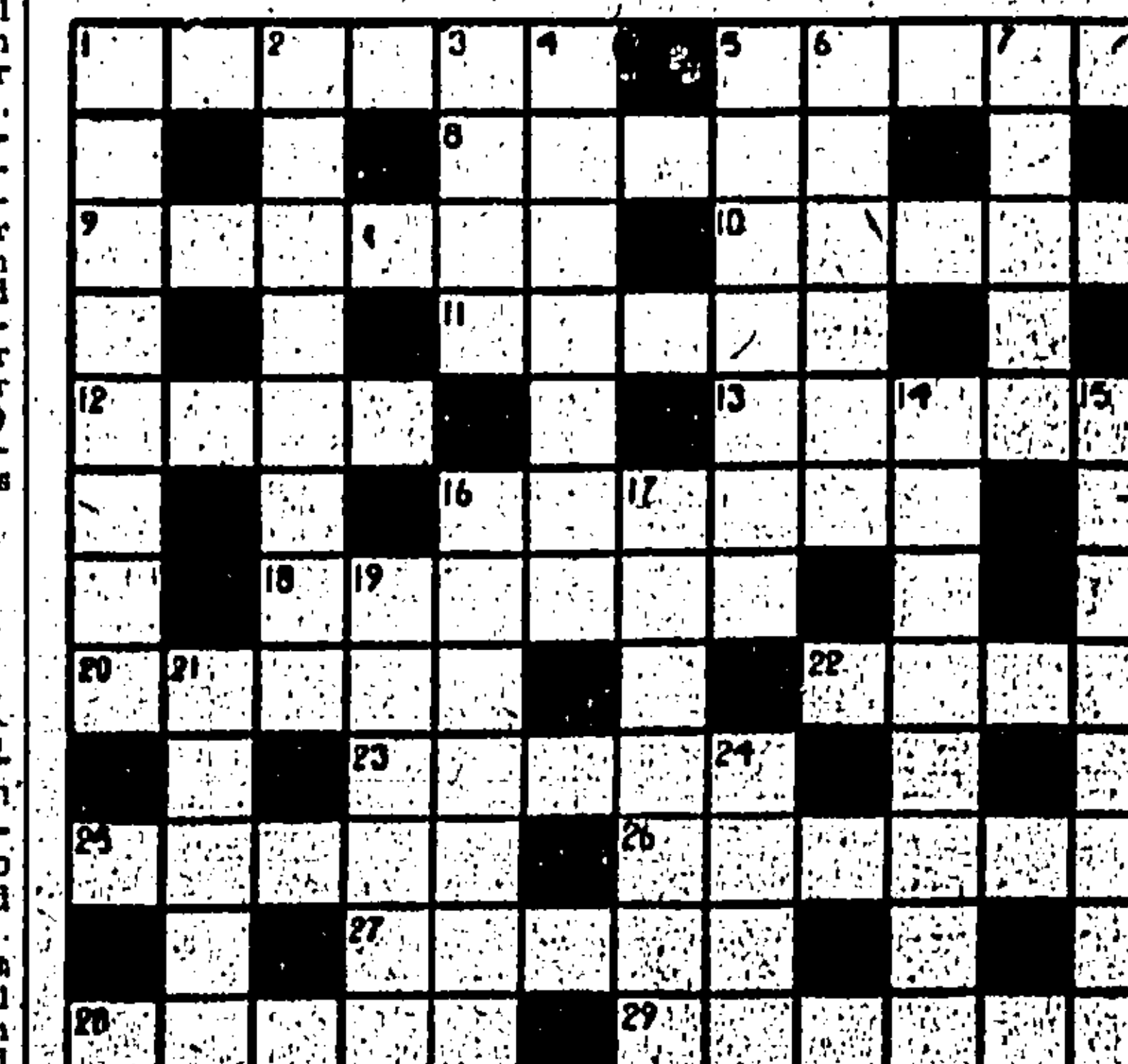
At some other tables of the same duplicate, North followed South's 3-Clubs with a raise to 4-Clubs, whereupon South went to game in the minor. Nobody managed to make more than just barely that contract, without extras. The No Trump declarer, however, scored an extra trick. After the spade K lead, which the A won, South won a heart finesse, lost a club finesse to the K, lost two spades and won the next, followed by the rest of the now established tricks.

Tomorrow's Problem  
S A 9 7  
H A 9 6  
D 10  
C J 10 9 8 6 5

S J 10 5  
H K Q J 7  
D J 7 4 2  
C K 4

(Dealer: East. North-South vulnerable.)  
If the defenders lead hearts, how should North play at 3-No Trumps?

## A BRITISH CROSSWORD PUZZLE



## Across

1 Shellfish.  
5 Greek god.  
6 Liable.  
9 Sassy.  
10 Protect.  
11 Younger son.  
12 Slip of wood.  
13 Cook.  
14 Importance.  
15 Wandered.

## Down

1 Languid.  
2 Nautical.  
3 Tale of herolam.  
4 Treacher.  
5 Enraged.  
6 German.  
7 Tapestry.  
8 Assailed.  
15 Menace.  
16 Warship.  
17 Deserved.  
18 Gilt decoration.  
21 Colour.  
24 Mud.

## Yesterday's crossword

Across: 1 Warm, 2 Lay, 3 Arab, 4 Bill, 5 Onions, 6 Ties, 7 Ties, 8 Ties, 9 Ties, 10 Ties, 11 Ties, 12 Ties, 13 Ties, 14 Ties, 15 Ties, 16 Ties, 17 Ties, 18 Ties, 19 Ties, 20 Ties, 21 Ties, 22 Ties, 23 Ties, 24 Ties, 25 Ties, 26 Ties, 27 Ties, 28 Ties, 29 Ties, 30 Ties, 31 Ties, 32 Ties, 33 Ties, 34 Ties, 35 Ties, 36 Ties, 37 Ties, 38 Ties, 39 Ties, 40 Ties, 41 Ties, 42 Ties, 43 Ties, 44 Ties, 45 Ties, 46 Ties, 47 Ties, 48 Ties, 49 Ties, 50 Ties, 51 Ties, 52 Ties, 53 Ties, 54 Ties, 55 Ties, 56 Ties, 57 Ties, 58 Ties, 59 Ties, 60 Ties, 61 Ties, 62 Ties, 63 Ties, 64 Ties, 65 Ties, 66 Ties, 67 Ties, 68 Ties, 69 Ties, 70 Ties, 71 Ties, 72 Ties, 73 Ties, 74 Ties, 75 Ties, 76 Ties, 77 Ties, 78 Ties, 79 Ties, 80 Ties, 81 Ties, 82 Ties, 83 Ties, 84 Ties, 85 Ties, 86 Ties, 87 Ties, 88 Ties, 89 Ties, 90 Ties, 91 Ties, 92 Ties, 93 Ties, 94 Ties, 95 Ties, 96 Ties, 97 Ties, 98 Ties, 99 Ties, 100 Ties.



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**GARY GRANT** TOOK  
**ANN SHERIDAN**

IT'S THE BIGGEST  
Pickup  
IN ENTERTAINMENT  
HISTORY!

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Randy Stuart  
William Neff  
Howard Hawks  
SOL C. STEBEL

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WAR BRIDE**

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4 SHOWS TODAY  
SPECIAL TIME  
At 1.15, 4.15, 7.00 & 9.40 p.m.

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THE BELL  
TOLLS"**

GARY COOPER  
INGRID BERGMAN

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JOSEPH CALISTA and KATHA FAKINOU  
Produced and Directed by  
**SAM WOOD**  
Executive Producer B. G. De Sylva

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with Maria Remarque  
**THE BLUE LOVE**  
with RICHARD CONTE

# RUSSIA REAPING HARVEST FROM N. KOREA DOMINATION

Seoul, Korea, May 31.

Five years of Soviet domination and colonial policy have made North Korea worth at least \$100,000,000 a year to Russia.

## New Turk Gov't faces first test

Ankara, May 30.

The new Turkish Government faces its first vote of confidence on Friday on a programme of more free enterprise at home and closer co-operation with the West abroad.

The Government of Premier Adnan Meneres was certain to win Parliament's approval since the Democratic Party won 400 of the 487 seats in Parliament in the nation's first free elections earlier this month.

Mr. Meneres presenting his platform to Parliament last night, said he was resolved to tighten economic, political and cultural links with the United States and with Middle Eastern states, while fostering free enterprise and economy at home.

He promised strict Government economy and less state interference in private affairs. He said he would promote foreign private capital investment and encourage private initiative and promised that state-owned industries would gradually be handed over to private enterprise.

The Republican People's Party, which had ruled Turkey since the 1923 revolution of Kemal Ataturk, was devoted to "State capitalism" as the only means of industrialising the country.

Mr. Meneres said his foreign policy rests upon the traditional alliance with Great Britain and France, friendship and closest co-operation with the U.S. He said he would seek closer relations with other Middle Eastern states "to ensure the material and moral security of the Mediterranean... and to create in these regions a friendly atmosphere of solidarity based on justice and mutual comprehension."

Of national defence, he said, "We shall employ our entire strength to give the most modern weapons to our armed forces... in such measure as our economic structure permits."—United Press.

## Ceylon protest to Russia

New Delhi, May 30.

Ceylon protested to the Soviet Union about the publication in the Russian newspaper, "Izvestia," of a cartoon and an article considered offensive to the religious feelings of Buddhists, diplomatic sources reported on Tuesday.

C. Coomaraswamy, the Ceylon High Commissioner in New Delhi, delivered a Note of protest to the Russian ambassador, K. V. Novikov, here last week. The Note said that the cartoon article, published in the January 27 issue of "Izvestia," entitled "Colombia Conference and Buddha's tooth" had referred "with levity and disrespect to the tooth, which is sacred... and an object of deep veneration by millions of Buddhists all over the world."—United Press.

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REX HARRISON  
LINDA DARNELL**

**ANNA AND THE  
KING OF SIAM**  
Directed by JOHN CROWMILL  
Produced by LOUIS D. LIGHTON

**TOMORROW**  
Merle Oberon  
Roland Young  
**BERLIN EXPRESS**

This is the considered opinion of qualified observers here on the basis of information gathered in interviews with refugees from the North, captured soldiers and guerrillas, and on judicious study of the continuous stream of propaganda from Radio Pyongyang, official voice of the North Korean "People's government."

According to these informants, the North half of the Korean Peninsula is a productive, and economically and politically stable country. There is no unemployment—in fact, workers in "non-essential" jobs are shifted to essential ones at the government's whim. There is little inflation, and enough food to go around.

Police state methods have kept political opposition at a minimum. Russian advisers at all levels of government, in industry and in the army and police forces have managed to create one of the few productive states in Asia.

Best estimates of the number of Soviet citizens now in North Korea place it at about 7,000. The number may be much larger. Many Soviet citizens of Korean ancestry have been returned to Korea, where they have submerged themselves among the local population.

### Japanese plants

When Soviet troops occupied North Korea in 1945, they got most of the Japanese built industrial plant, most of the power supply, most of the coal, minerals, timber and other natural resources. They brought only a third of the population under their control, and enough arable land to feed it and leave a small surplus.

They immediately set about building up the country's industry. By establishing Soviet trading corporations in preferential status, they were able, by the time their troops pulled out in 1948, to tie North Korea into the economy of almost self-sufficient Western Siberia. Their influence did not stop there.

A 10-year "economic and cultural agreement" was signed by North Korea and the USSR in 1949. Under its provisions Soviet teachers were sent to North Korean universities, "technical experts" were brought from Russia to supervise factories, and "advisers" came to help the government.

In early 1949, a "two-year programme" for industry was instituted. Workers were required to meet increased production quotas on a schedule designed to bring the production index up to the 1944 peak (when Korea was under Japanese rule and wartime impetus) by 1951.

The plant has not been uniformly successful, some industries "ailed to meet their quotas, one or two major projects had to be abandoned for the time being."

### Exports to Russia

Propaganda claims are that overall production is up four times over 1946, admittedly a low production year. Here are some of the exports Russia is taking out of the country:

Leaving enough rice for basic needs, North Korea has a surplus of about 300,000 tons a year. Most of this—about \$30,000,000 worth at world market prices—is going to Russia.

At least a third, perhaps \$4,000,000 worth of the fertilizer produced in the Hungnam fertilizer plant in North Korea is believed to be going to Russia. In addition, large amounts of other chemicals are being shipped out.

Lumber is a major export item. There is much forest land in North Korea and it is being vigorously exploited. Conservative estimates place Russia's share at least \$10,000,000.

The most conservative estimate here on the amount of minerals products being exported is \$5,000,000. Most interested people believe it is much higher. The minerals include zinc, "graphite" and gold. Practically all the gold mined in North Korea goes to Russia. Before the war, Korea's gold production—mostly in the mineral rich North—was 60 tons in the peak year of 1937. No figures have been published since the end of the war.

Some uranium bearing ores were exported from North Korea during the early days of the occupation. They were of low quality, however, and are believed to have been stopped.

In addition to exports, Russia has the use of a small oil refinery at Wonsan on Korea's eastern coast, where crude oil brought from Sakhalin, a Soviet-held island immediately North of Hokkaido, Japan, is processed and reshipped.

### Conservative figure

With minor export items, services like those described above, and support for the Soviet advisers in the North, a \$100,000,000 total is considered a conservative figure by most North Korean specialists here. And what does North Korea get in return? For the most part, the people are happy. Industrial machinery to help expand existing industry or establish others is being sent.

which have not reached full production since the end of the war. A plate-glass factory, a machine tool works, a large textile mill and two steel mills are planned for rehabilitation or construction before another year is out.

This is not an optimistic evaluation. The sources from which this correspondent gathered his information were not optimistic either.

Few believe, however, that North Korea wants control over the South. The South has 20,000,000 mouths to feed, and more than enough food to feed them. It also has 4,000,000 unemployed, and a sketchy industry to employ them. In addition, were the South to be integrated into the Communist sphere there would be "no room" to use as a propaganda target—important in any totalitarian state.

"The plain, unpleasant fact is," one source said, "the Communists have a going organisation in the North. The people do not like it. There is widespread discontent. But there is little they can do about it. And it works. At least, it is working for the time being."—United Press.

## Indian art exhibit in New York

New York, May 30.

An exhibition of Indian modern art was opened in New York today at New India House. It is to continue until June 7.

The exhibition has been organized in a move to foster cultural relations between the United States and India.

The first of its kind, it is composed of reproductions of Indian designs in textiles, metal work, pottery, terracotta, inland stone and marble, outstanding specimens of Indian craftsmanship in these fields, and examples of modern commercial art, including calendars, posters and press advertisements.

The section on design was the result of a survey conducted by the Indian Institute of Art in industry at the request of the Government and leading businessmen and industrialists.—Reuter.

## YUGOSLAV PROTEST TO CZECHS

Belgrade, May 30.

Yugoslavia today protested to Czechoslovakia against the continued detention of a trade representative who was arrested six months ago, according to Tass, the official Yugoslav news agency.

A note delivered to the Czechoslovak Foreign Ministry by the Yugoslav Embassy in Prague alleged that Zven Tomich, the Yugoslav trade representative, had been arrested six months ago and was still in police custody without court proceedings having been taken against him.

The Embassy had not been allowed to establish contact with him, the note states.—Reuter.

## NO COMMENT ON FUCHS REPORT

London, May 30.

Officials of the United States Embassy here said today that they could not comment on reports that a "lie detector" apparatus would be used on the 49th spy, Dr. Klaus Fuchs, who was now being questioned in prison by United States Federal Bureau of Investigation men.

They confirmed that the two FBI men, who had been expected to leave Britain at the weekend, were still here.

According to usually reliable sources, the American investigators will see Fuchs again before they return to the United States.—Reuter.

## EARL WAVELL'S FUNERAL

London, May 30.

Field Marshal Earl Wavell, former Viceroy of India, who died on May 24, will be buried in the Chiswick Church at Winchester College, where he was educated, on June 7. It was announced tonight.

The announcement made from No. 10 Downing Street, the home of the Prime Minister, said that the burial would be private at the request of Lord Wavell's family.

It added that on the same day the body would be taken from the tower of Winchester to Westbury-on-Trym, where it was to be cremated. A service will be held at Westbury.

## "Izvestia" attack on America

Moscow, May 30.

The Soviet Government newspaper "Izvestia," today published an article by Professor Popov on what he called the American colonialisation of Japan.

"The American Imperialists," he said, "are encouraging the development of Japanese industries which are of military importance and can be easily used for arming the Japanese army now being revived by MacArthur's headquarters."

"This policy of the American occupation authorities springs from the line pursued by the ruling circles of the United States. It is aimed at turning Japan into their military place d'armes in the Far East."

Professor Popov said that American businessmen, by exploiting the labour of the Japanese workers, who received extremely low pay, were making enormous profits on exports of cotton goods from Japan, squeezing out, with Japanese textiles made from American cotton, their British competitors from the Asiatic and African markets.

He added, "The United States is pursuing with regard to Japan and other countries a policy of selling as many American goods as possible, and importing the least possible Japanese goods to the United States. Officially adapting all Japanese trade to the interests of the American monopolies."

"This results in an enormous advantage in trade balance with Japan. From September, 1945, to the beginning of 1950, it had already reached \$1,300,000,000. This chains Japan to the chariot of American Imperialism."—Reuter.

## SIR OWEN DIXON ON KASHMIR

New Delhi, May 30.

Sir Owen Dixon, the United Nations Mediator in Kashmir, said here today that every hour of the few days he had spent in India he had become more and more deeply conscious of the absolute and imperative necessity of finding a solution to the Kashmir problem.

He said, "The solution of the dispute, in fact, was in the interest not only of everybody in this sub-continent but possibly everybody in the whole world."

Sir Owen Dixon, who arrived here last week, was speaking at a party given for him by the Foreign Relations Society of Delhi.—Reuter.

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AT 2.30, 5.30, 7.30 & 9.30 P.M.

**Michèle Morgan  
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**THE Fallen Idol**

a London  
Film  
picture

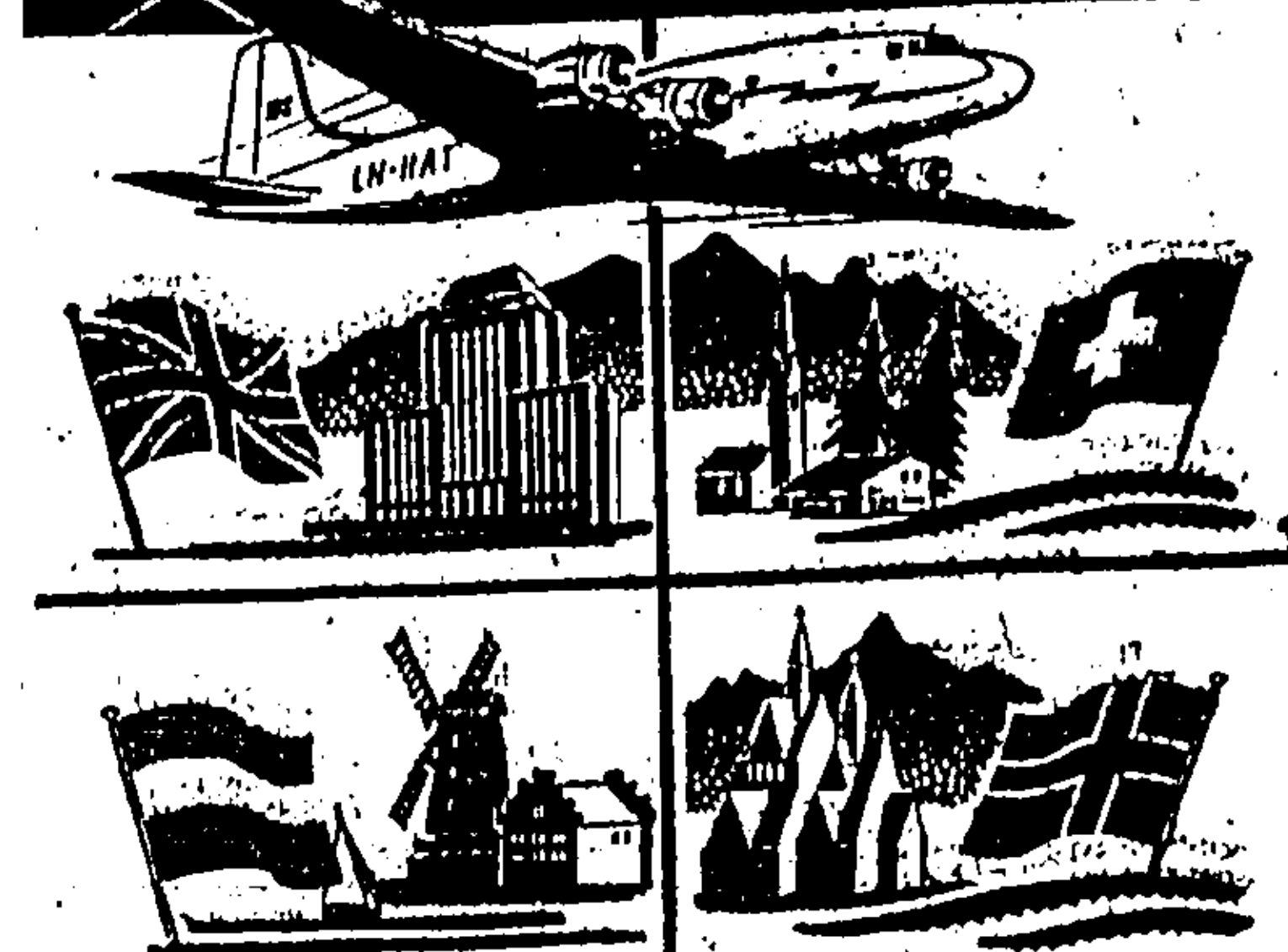
4 SHOWS TODAY **Cathay** AT 2.30, 5.30, 7.30 & 9.30 P.M.

**A COMMON SOLDIER**  
DIALOGUE: MURDINN  
AN U.S.S.R. Picture



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## ACKNOWLEDGMENT

Mrs. A. L. G. EASTMAN and  
family thank all relatives and  
friends for kind sympathy  
extended in their recent  
bereavement, and floral  
tributes sent also attendance  
at the funeral.

## ROUNDED PERIODS —PERIOD

A spate of words cannot  
disguise the fact that the  
Baguio Conference produced  
nothing but a spate of words.  
General Romulo listed the  
tangible benefits:

(1) A heightened feeling of  
comradeship.

(2) A richer fund of knowledge  
and mutual understanding about  
matters of common concern.

(3) Greater confidence that we  
can accomplish certain tasks more  
easily together than separately.

That is a long way from a  
Pacific Union or anything like  
it. Even Moral Rearmament

Press releases often have more  
punch. But a poor beginning  
is better than no beginning at  
all if we cannot do without  
this incessant round of con-  
ferences. There was one  
draft resolution, however,  
which did make a display of  
teeth. It consisted of a warn-  
ing, to the West that the Asian  
nations should be consulted  
on all matters dealing with  
this part of the world. This  
was apparently a reference to  
the discussion by the Foreign  
Ministers of Britain, the United  
States, and France a fort-  
night ago of South-East Asia  
problems. This, too, without  
any definite plan of action,  
but it was certainly a lot more  
definite than the outcome of  
the five-day conference at  
Baguio. But there was nothing  
in the Foreign Ministers' *communiqué*—with the possible  
exception of the reference to  
intensified counter-propa-  
ganda efforts—that had not  
been discussed both in con-  
ferences and in direct discus-  
sions with the Asian nations  
concerned.

Indeed this principle had  
been laid down in emphatic  
terms by the British Minister  
of State Mr. Kenneth Younger,  
just before the Baguio  
Conference opened. In a  
speech winding up the debate  
in the House of Commons on  
the Far East and South East  
Asia, he stressed the necessity  
for the Western world to re-  
orientate its whole attitude  
towards the East in the light  
of the new Nationalist surge  
throughout this area. After  
the war, he said, there had  
been a danger of major split  
between East and West, and  
he claimed that Britain had  
done more than any other  
country to prevent this.  
Henceforward, initiatives  
must come mainly from Asian  
countries themselves.

This speech was one of the  
best in the debate, but un-  
fortunately the summaries  
sent out concentrated mostly  
on Mr. Bevin—who is never  
at his happiest when the Far  
East is discussed—and on the  
Opposition leaders. True, it  
was a sort of general survey  
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# MR. DEAN ACHESON'S TOTAL DIPLOMACY

Returning from one of his  
harrowing appearances on  
Capitol Hill, Mr. Acheson re-  
marked with a wry smile:  
"Home is the hunted, home  
from the hill."

Being hunted, however, has  
not dulled his sense of  
humour nor shaken his confi-  
dence. He is hunted not only by  
a host of problems besetting a  
nation called too suddenly to  
world leadership, but also by a  
small but vocal and influential  
group of isolationists.

It is an unfortunate paradox  
that at a time when the United  
States has a really outstanding  
Secretary of State, the nation is  
more confused than it has been  
since the end of the war.

Americans have suddenly re-  
alized that the splendor of their  
triumphs in spite of their wealth,  
they cannot alone determine their  
own destiny.

This realization has kindled  
doubts and frustrations and a  
suspicion that the Truman ad-  
ministration as well as the state  
compulsion of world events may  
be to blame for this setback to  
post-war hopes.

Fortunately, Mr. Acheson has  
the qualities needed to struggle  
successfully against such adver-  
sity. He is neither a back-slap-  
ping politician nor a bargaining  
businessman. Nor has he ever  
been elected to office.

His surface radiates profes-  
sional competence and cultured  
charm.

Real distinction

But his real distinction is an  
inclusive mind and superior in-  
tellect, and the more he throws  
himself into the fray the more his  
warm-hearted humanity becomes  
apparent. Not until he was stum-  
bled by the meanness and irrespon-  
sibility of his adversaries did he  
pass to the offensive.

Preoccupied, as he was, with  
completing the tasks inherited  
from his predecessors, despite his  
10 months in office he only  
recently began to have an impact

without the immense results  
of the war it would have been  
necessary for the Western  
world to re-orientate its at-  
titude towards the East. The  
attempted new order of  
Japan crashed, but left a  
vacuum—the collapse of the  
old system, and the collapse  
of the new system of the  
Japanese.

The situation in Mr. Younger's  
view had in it all the  
elements of a major division  
and increasing estrangement  
between East and West. This  
would have undone the tech-  
nical progress achieved during  
the century of Western con-  
tact and wiped out the whole  
legacy of incipient democra-  
tic thinking. It would also  
have made impossible the  
rational adjustment of world  
resources to world markets  
and the technical collabora-  
tion envisaged in the United  
Nations Charter. Thus an en-  
tirely fresh view had to be  
taken of this great problem.

"I think that in the past  
four or five years no one has  
done more than this country,"  
said Mr. Younger, "to cause a  
shift in Western opinion in its  
attitude towards the East—in  
recognizing the new national-  
ism more quickly perhaps  
than anybody else, in giving  
perhaps more help than  
anyone else has done to the  
establishment of new Na-  
tional Governments, and in  
seizing the unique oppor-  
tunity offered by the Com-  
monwealth, which contains  
within it Pacific Powers,  
Asian Powers, and Powers  
in the West. No one else  
was as well placed as Bri-  
tain to maintain East-West  
relations and friendship and  
prevent the two worlds from  
splitting apart. I think it is  
fundamental to realize that  
in our policies from now on  
towards the destiny of the East  
can only be satisfactorily  
settled if the Asian countries  
themselves have a great  
share in the initiatives. We  
can do a great deal. We  
have accumulated experience,  
we have many links with the  
East. But it is very largely  
from Asian countries them-  
selves that the initiatives  
must come. This is a very dis-  
turbingly very dangerous  
situation is to settle down and  
living standards, productiv-  
ity, and so on are not to  
suffer even more seriously  
than they have suffered  
during and since the war.

Finally, in a reference to the  
Communist menace, Mr.  
Younger pointed out that it  
was threatening very promi-  
nently democratic development  
of the new independent States  
in many parts of Asia, and  
in the Middle East. He called  
for a new approach to the  
problem, and for a new spirit  
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Mr.



# ANGLO-GERMAN TRADE TALKS TO START SOON

## Announcement implies U.S. objections end CURRENCY AGREEMENTS

London, May 30. A West German delegation is due in London in the first week of June to re-open negotiations for an Anglo-German trade agreement, it was officially announced tonight.

The British Board of Trade's announcement said, "Arrangements have been made for a delegation representing the Federal German Republic to come to London in the first week of June at the invitation of His Majesty's Government to open negotiations for a new trade agreement for the period following the expiry of the present agreement on June 30 next."

"An opportunity will be afforded by these meetings for a resumption of the more general discussions on questions affecting trade and payments between Western Germany and the Sterling Area which were suspended in March."

## Egyptian objections to revision

Cairo, May 30. The Egyptian Foreign Minister, Mohamed Salah El Din Pasha, told the Chamber of Deputies today that Egypt could not accept the principle of Anglo-Egyptian defence.

The Foreign Minister, speaking in a foreign affairs debate, said, "We rejected the principle of joint defence in the Suez Canal zone and we still reject this principle."

Salah El Din was referring to negotiations in 1946 between the British Foreign Secretary, Mr. Ernest Bevin, and Pasha, then Egyptian Foreign Minister, over the revision of the 1936 treaty which granted Britain the right to maintain troops in the Suez Canal zone but nowhere else in Egypt.

They agreed to a revision which would have removed British troops from the Canal zone as well as the understanding that Egypt would keep strategically important airfields serviceable.

**Proposal rejected**  
The Egyptian Parliament, however, rejected the proposal because of the long-standing dispute over the future status of the Sudan. Britain replied that the 1936 treaty was regarded as in full force. It does not exist until 1950 except by mutual agreement.

Egypt appealed to the United Nations Security Council, but no decision was reached at the hearing in the autumn of 1947.

Salah El Din also told the Deputies that no one could press Egypt into signing a peace treaty with Israel or to keep Jordan from quitting the Arab League.

He said, "I assure the House that no pressure in any shape or form has been exercised or attempted to be exercised upon the Egyptian Government for concluding peace with Israel or keeping Jordan within the Arab League."

—United Press.

## Acheson gives assurance

Washington, May 30. The United States Secretary of State, Mr. Dean Acheson, is reported to have assured Mr. Trygve Lie, the Secretary-General of the United Nations, that the United States would not use the veto to keep Communist China out of the United Nations.

This re-statement of American policy was believed by observers today to have been the principal firm development in the meetings held by Mr. Lie with President Truman and Mr. Acheson.

Diplomats familiar with the substance of yesterday's confidential hints indicated that they produced little in the way of definite understandings promising to ease cold war tensions. But Mr. Lie was left with a free hand to continue his efforts to find a way out of the United Nations deadlock.

—Reuter.

## CYPRUS GREEKS TO CAMPAIGN

Nicosia, May 30. A delegation representing the left-wing faction of Cyprus Greeks is leaving for London tomorrow on the first leg of a world tour in support of the United Nations.

A statement from the delegation today said they hoped to get the case for Greeks on the agenda of the United Nations General Assembly meeting next September.

This announcement implied that American objections have been withdrawn, following the progress made towards a European Payments Union.

Twice in recent months the Anglo-German talks have had to be suspended because of American objections that on the lines proposed by Britain an agreement would mean more bilateralism, which would prejudice the European Payments Union.

**U.S. attitude**  
It has been known for several weeks that the Americans and others regarded the Anglo-German issue as only a facet of the major issue at stake in the Union. The continental countries having conceded the special position of Sterling in the Union, Britain, in turn, in the past few days, has made important concessions away from bilateralism and toward more convertibility.

Unofficial financial quarters took it for granted that an agreement, if reached, would be in line with the latest proposals for a European Payments Union, very different from the payments arrangement that British and German officials were discussing earlier in the year.

Any currency bilateralism would probably be confined to dealing with the old Sterling balance, if any, that Germany might hold on July 1 when the European Payments Union is due to start.

—Reuter.

## Taipeh gives Red plan for Colony

Taipei, May 30. The official Central News Agency asserted tonight the Chinese Communists plan to encircle the British Crown Colony of Hong Kong.

The Agency gave no source for its report. Normally, it issues no military news without previous approval or inspiration by the Nationalist Defence Ministry.

Central News said the decision was reached at a top level Communist conference called recently at Canton to consider the Hong Kong problem.

It reported the leaders rejected three other courses—use of immediate force, political methods such as strikes and appeasement, and a Communist chief in Canton, as advocating force now.

The plan, the Agency continued, has been submitted to Peking for approval. In expectation of this, General Lin Piao's Fourth Field Army was reported to be moving back to the Canton area.

The Agency said the Fourth Army has more than 1000 Russians attached to it and includes a large number of Japanese.

—Reuter.

## Western officials accused by Czechs

Prague, May 30. The former American, British and French Ambassadors to Czechoslovakia and 19 Western officials and newspaper correspondents were accused tonight of planning, directing and participating in an alleged conspiracy to overthrow the Czech Communist regime.

The late American Ambassador, Laurence Steinhardt, the British Ambassador, Sir John Pierson Dixon, and the French Ambassador, Maurice de Jeune, headed a long list of Westerners named in charges on which 13 Czechoslovaks will be tried tomorrow. The 13, who include three former Parliamentary deputies, were accused of planning armed revolt against the government.

The Westerners were also accused of gathering secret information for "illegal emigre" organizations in Norway, France, the United States and England.

The charges were broadcast by Prague radio, marking the most sweeping denunciation of Western activities ever issued by the Czech government. The plot was said to have gone on during 1948 and 1949.

Americans named included Major Frank A. Bunker Rowland, Second Secretary; Captain Jack Novak, assistant air attaché; Helmut Fisher, United Press correspondent; Dana Adams Schmidt, New York Times correspondent; Milton Fried, former labour attaché; Louise Schaffner, secretary.

Also named were Mary Baker Vlas, director of the American relief for Czechoslovakia organization, Schmidt is the only American named who is still in Czechoslovakia. Mr. Steinhardt was killed in a plane crash near Ottawa, Canada.

## Memorandum on French merger plan

Paris, May 30. The French Government, at eight o'clock tonight, handed the British Ambassador, Sir Oliver Harvey, a memorandum addressed to the British Government, in which further details of the coal and steel merger were set out.

The detailed contents of the memorandum were not revealed tonight but it was learned in "usually well-informed diplomatic quarters" that the object of the note was to "reconcile the differences between the British and French approaches to the problem which arose last week."

The view was expressed that these differences were not fundamental and it was hoped that the French memorandum would help to establish an identity of view, point that would enable Britain to enter the negotiations together with Belgium, Holland, Italy and West Germany.

—Reuter.

## American arms aid programme

Washington, May 30. President Truman is expected to ask Congress on Thursday for about \$1,225,000,000 to finance American arms shipments to 14 foreign countries.

The State Department and Budget Bureau have recommended this amount as necessary to bolster American policy in the cold war.

The money would be for the fiscal year beginning July 1. The sum is slightly less than the \$1,238,000,000 appropriated by Congress last year for arms shipments to 13 nations.

About \$1,000,000,000 would go for American military supplies to nine Atlantic Pact countries—Britain, France, Italy, Belgium, the Netherlands, Luxembourg, Norway, Denmark and Portugal.

The remainder would be earmarked for arms aid to Greece, Turkey, Persia, Korea and the Philippines.

Portugal is being included for the first time among the Atlantic Pact recipients. Officials said that small amounts of naval and air force equipment would be sent to the Portuguese to help protect Portugal's strategic coastline and important Azores war bases.

**Collective forces**  
Officials who have been drawing up the programme said that the money will reflect the principle of balanced collective forces agreed upon by the 12 Atlantic Pact Foreign Ministers at their meeting in London early this month.

France will come in for the biggest chunk of the second year sum, as during the current 12 months.

The amount each country gets has never been broken down, but some informed officials have estimated France's share at around \$300,000,000—mostly for artillery, tanks, armour and other supplies needed to strengthen France's ground forces.

Britain is to receive more American aircraft during the second year. About 75 B-29 Superfortresses have been promised to Britain and nearly 20 of these have been delivered.

—Reuter.

## Red plans for Taiwan invasion

Washington, May 30. Reports to the State Department say Russian Air Force personnel, including jet plane pilots with their aircraft, are probably taking part in Chinese Communist preparations to attack the Chinese Nationalist stronghold of Taiwan.

These reports came from American diplomatic authorities who were in Shanghai only a few weeks ago and have been repeated in Washington to report their first hand observations. One of these authorities, who declined use of his name, said:

"There are more than 3,000 Soviet military or official personnel in Shanghai, about equally divided between Air Force officers and administrative advisers to the Chinese Communist regime."

Eleven of the latest type Soviet jet fighter planes were recently observed by him in the air over Shanghai. It was reasonable to expect that Russian pilots were flying them.

Chiang Kai-shek's headquarters on Taiwan remains the No. 1 target of Communist propaganda and it is also reasonable to link the dispatch of Russian armed might with Chinese preparations to re-occupy the island.

The Chinese Communists, reportedly, are also planning to occupy other islands in the other half of the important Taiwan Strait.

China's outer islands are

—Associated Press.

## Arms shipment to Israel policy being reviewed

London, May 30. The Foreign Office is reviewing its policy on arms shipments to Israel, official sources said today, but no immediate changes will be made.

The Israeli Government, however, has asked just what effect the recent British-French-United States declaration on rearming the Middle East will have on British policy, and whether it will grant Israel access with the Arab States to British weapons.

Foreign Office officials reiterated earlier statements to the effect that the three-power declaration does not in itself constitute a change in their policy. One official said: "The whole question of arms shipments to Israel is now under review."

Reliable sources reported that the Foreign Office is anxious to "re-examine" its policy on arms shipments from Britain, as evidence of British willingness to balance Arab-Israeli strength in the Middle East.

Some quarters here interpreted the British acknowledgement of a policy review as an indication that more lenient attitude would be taken on the issue of arming Israel. They said however, that Britain will thoroughly consider her treaty commitments to the Arab States before making a decision on arms shipments to Israel.

**British view**  
At the same time, British officials insisted there was a likelihood that Israel would be told to look to the United States for arms, since it has available dollars. The Israelis, however, were expected to press for British arms purchases in view of their large sterling balances and because these weapons would be more easily adaptable by their army.

If the British policy towards Israel is altered, London will definitely require commitments from Tel-Aviv that the arms will not be used for aggression. Similar guarantees were recently received from Israel by Washington and from the Arab States by London and Paris.

British officials said no special machinery would be established by the Big Three to control arms shipments to the Middle East. They said informal co-ordination will be maintained through normal diplomatic channels rather than through any special committee.—United Press.

**Adenauer's illness**  
Bonn, May 30. The West German Chancellor, Dr. Konrad Adenauer, today left his bed for the first time since last Thursday, after overcoming an attack of pneumonia, according to an official bulletin.

Dr. Adenauer, who has been suffering from influenza and bronchitis, left his bed against his doctors' advice last Thursday to attend the debate in the Bundestag (the Upper House) on Germany's entry into the Council of Europe.

On Friday he had a further doctor's diagnosis of the beginning symptoms of pneumonia and was expected that Dr. Adenauer will not immediately be able to resume his office fully.

It is doubtful therefore whether the debate in the Bundestag (the Lower House) on Germany joining the Council of Europe will come up this week as originally expected.—Reuter.

**BEVIN ENTERS HOSPITAL AGAIN**  
London, May 30. Mr. Ernest Bevin, entered hospital today for his second operation in two months before taking a long convalescent holiday.

Mr. Bevin was operated on for haemorrhoids on April 13, but returned to work on May 9 without having completely recovered in order to participate in the Big Three and Atlantic Pact Foreign Ministers conferences here.—United Press.

**S. African uranium industry**  
Pretoria, Union of South Africa, May 30. South Africa is building up a highly secret uranium industry in her rich gold fields.

The Union government has launched a production project designed to extract uranium from previously wasted by-products of gold production in the South African Union.

If expectations are fulfilled, the output may keep the West supreme in production of atomic energy.

Top secret experiments are underway in a number of mines along the rich Witwaters Rand gold reef, the vast deposit which extends South and West of Pretoria to Johannesburg.

Successful production, persons connected with the project said, could make South Africa the world's largest supplier of uranium, an essential atomic energy raw material of which the earth offers a limited known supply.

Already the Union government has offered to sell her potential uranium output to the U.S. and Britain. The three countries are still negotiating for terms, with the U.S. reported to be thinking the South African demands are too stiff.

The 40 to 50 mines along the Witwaters Rand last year produced some 57,000,000 tons of gold ore. The amount of uranium in South Africa is "very great" but in the total, it means a very high amount of uranium.—Associated Press.

Experts here believe they will be in no urgent haste to attack Taiwan, which could be strongly defended, but that they may very soon try to take it after some months of preparation for what would be a major land, sea and air operation. The island lies about 100 miles off the Chinese coast.

Inside China itself, the American informant said, the Chinese are preparing to launch a major offensive against the Russian satellite of the Chinese Communists, and that there has been some indication it will develop.

—Associated Press.

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1907, 1909, 1911, 1913, 1915, 1917, 1919, 1921, 1923, 1925, 1927, 1929, 1931, 1933, 1935, 1937, 1939, 1941, 1943, 1945, 1947, 1949, 1951, 1953, 1955, 1957, 1959, 1961, 1963, 1965, 1967, 1969, 1971, 1973, 1975, 1977, 1979, 1981, 1983, 1985, 1987, 1989, 1991, 1993, 1995, 1997, 1999, 2001, 2003, 2005, 2007, 2009, 2011, 2013, 2015, 2017, 2019, 2021, 2023, 2025, 2027, 2029, 2031, 2033, 2035, 2037, 2039, 2041, 2043, 2045, 2047, 2049,







# PROPOSAL TO EXPEL NATIONALIST CHINA FROM UNESCO FAILS

## BERLIN PATROL INCIDENT

Berlin, May 30. The Russians today forced an international patrol of American, French and British troops to withdraw from the highway between Berlin and Western Germany. The Russians arrested the patrol and took members to Badensberg, on the Russian zone border, where they were later released, the authorities said.

The patrol had been stationed about 10 miles west of here to insure that American traffic was not forced to use the detour established by the Russian-Zone German police a week ago while hundreds of trucks sped to Berlin bringing youths for the Whitson Red Party rally.

The Russians also confiscated four large loads of scrap metal and ordered 70 West German barges to return to Berlin from the Soviet-British Zone border in a move tantamount to a water blockade of Berlin.

### Three-week blockade

The announcement of the latest Russian move in the "Itt blockade" was made by the West Berlin City Council. The barges, most of which were en route from Berlin to Hamburg, had been blocked at the border for almost three weeks on the grounds that their travel documents were not in order.

The four barges' crews were forced to unload their cargoes, which were confiscated by the Soviets. The barges were kept in custody and the owners told they would be returned on payment of 3,000 marks each of "unloading charges."

The United States commandant, Major-General Maxwell Taylor, was expected to make a stiff protest over the patrol incident. "The American contention is that any American vehicle with proper travel documents has a right to the highway according to the blockade-lifting agreement of 1949."

### Russian claim

The Russians will probably claim that the patrol was off the Autobahn, thus on Soviet territory, and had no right to be there.

Colonel Boris Kalinin, Soviet Chief of Staff in Berlin, personally directed the removal of the patrol, witnesses reported. The patrol consisted of a lieutenant and one military policeman.

On the canals, Russian guards, in addition to removing the cargoes of the four barges, barred the movement into West Germany of 70 other vessels and ordered their skippers to return to Berlin.

Western Allied officials said the water blockade apparently applied only to Westbound barges carrying scrap metal. Barges with other cargo were being passed after close checking by Soviet border guards.—United Press.

## India ruling on Press commended

Washington, May 30. A recent ruling by the Supreme Court of India upholding freedom of the press was described by the "Washington Post" as an event of great significance.

In an editorial today, the "Post" commented on the Court's decision that India's constitutional guarantee of freedom of speech and expression could be invoked against the Government itself.

Noting that the ruling specifically protected a pro-Communist newspaper banned by the Madras State Government, the "Post" said, "The significant thing is that the Court is interpreting the Indian Constitution in a judicial atmosphere instead of merely falling in with executive and legislative policy."

"Apparently, the judicial tradition that the British established in India has taken deep root. When the final separation of the British and Indian courts was effected a few months ago, the New Delhi Government said that nothing had impressed the people of India more than the sense of independence and impartiality that had marked the decision of appeals from India by the Privy Council."

"If the executive and legislative branches have the good judgment to respect this tradition now that it has been transferred to Indian courts, the chance for successful operation of popular government in India will be immeasurably strengthened," the "Post" added.

Florence, May 30.

Dr. S. Radhakrishnan, the Indian delegate to the fifth General Conference of the United Nations Education, Scientific and Cultural Organisation here, today strongly endorsed the proposal to expel Nationalist China from UNESCO.

A vote for the expulsion, however, was defeated by 30 votes to four, with 14 abstentions.

Today's special plenary session was the occasion for a walkout by Czechoslovakia and Hungary in protest against the presence of Nationalist Chinese delegates.

This was their second walkout in eight days. After the two Eastern European delegates—M. Adolph Hoffmeister (Czechoslovakia) and M. Gador Tolnai (Hungary)—heard their proposal for the expulsion turned down, they walked out of the hall. They said that their Governments would now decide whether to resign completely from the UNESCO.

After the two delegates left, the Conference voted down a similar Yugoslav resolution proposing the expulsion of Nationalist China for this session. The delegates then gave the final vote to send Nationalist China by 30 votes to three, with 13 abstentions.

India and Burma voted with the Eastern European bloc against Nationalist China. Britain, Denmark, Holland, Sweden, Norway and Switzerland were among the abstentions.

### Strongest plea

The strongest plea for the rejection of Nationalist China came from Dr. Radhakrishnan, Indian Ambassador to Moscow, who asked the delegates not to wait upon a decision from the United Nations.

"The United Nations has come to a standstill," he said. "It is prevented from functioning. They are in a mess."

Must we always be camp followers? Can we not be the forerunners and view this question with intellectual integrity?" the Indian delegate continued.

Dr. Radhakrishnan said he had considerable respect for the sagacity of the British type of mind. "The way in which they deal with India will always stand to their credit," he said. "The British mind distrusts theory and accepts facts."

Dr. Radhakrishnan said that the German mind was neat and orderly, like a garden. "The Asian mind was a wild growth of forest."

"The value of the British mind is that it takes a little of the

## Curfew in border town

Calcutta, May 30. A dusk to dawn curfew has been enforced at the English Bazar, a town on the India-Pakistan border, following sporadic cases of Hindu-Muslim rioting, according to official reports received by the West Bengal Government here today.

There were stray cases of stabbing, looting and arson on Sunday night, but no deaths were reported in these incidents. Prompt police measures restored the town to normal.

A West Bengal Government press note on the incident did not state the reason for the sudden flareup. There had been no cases of communal incidents in West Bengal since the signing of the Nehru-Liaquat Ali Khan agreement on Bengal minorities.—Reuter.

## One killed in Berlin gun battle

Berlin, May 30.

A tommy-gun and pistol battle was fought late today in the Soviet Zone of Berlin near the famous Potsdamer Platz between German "People's Police" and four men dressed in Polish Army uniforms.

One of the Poles was killed and one German policeman wounded in a brief but wild exchange of gunfire witnessed by hundreds of civilians. The incident occurred just across the Soviet border. The Platz also adjoins the British and American sectors.

The outbreak came as thousands of Communist youths left Berlin after the Whitson week-end rally, which had not produced a single serious incident.

Three Poles surrendered. The battle began when the police stopped four men near Crown Prince Bridge. One of the men, wearing an officer's insignia, opened fire and the Communist police took cover behind piles of brick nearby and returned fire.

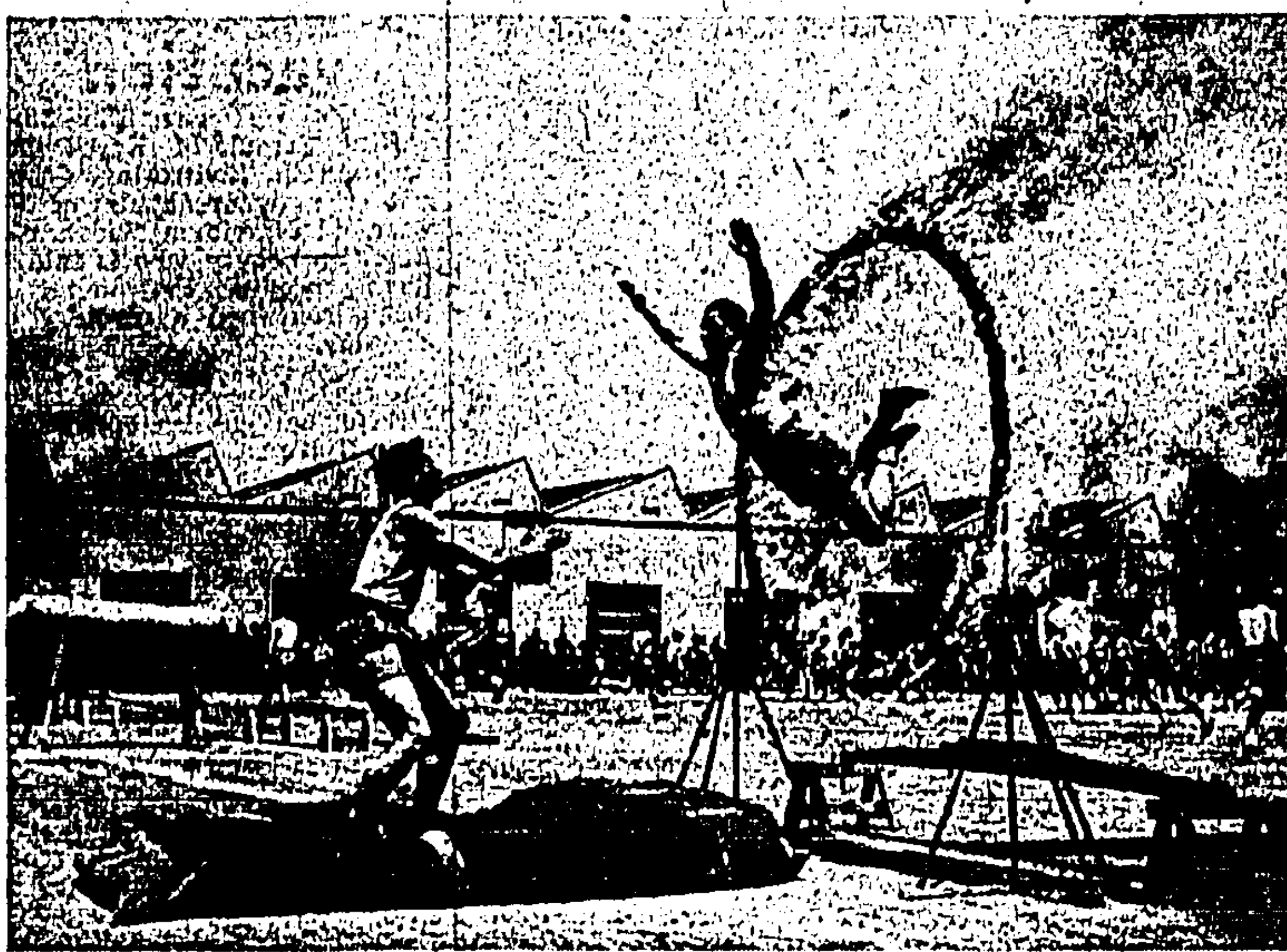
### Shot through head

Three Poles dropped to the ground, but the man with the pistol suddenly dashed off towards a bombed-out building. Western Zone headquarters said German children and civilians who ducked for cover when the shooting started, reported that the police chased the man and shot him through the head, killing him.

The East German police said tonight that they had no information on the incident. First reports were that the gunfight took place in the Potsdamer Platz, but the actual location was about a mile away near the railroad station alongside the River Spree.

The Poles were travelling in a car and Western sources said it was believed they had been attempting to get to the British sector a few blocks away. The outbreak came as thousands of Communist youths swarmed out of Berlin and followed a day of Russian moves against the West.—United Press.

## Italian army holiday show



A soldier leaps through the ring of fire during a display by the Italian army motorized centre Cecchiola barracks, near Rome, recently. The display formed part of a feast day celebration.—Associated Press Photo.

## Liaquat Ali Khan on short Canadian visit

Ottawa, May 30.

Mr. Liaquat Ali Khan, the Prime Minister of Pakistan, arrived here by air today to begin his visit to Canada. An artillery salute of 19 guns greeted him at Rockliffe Airport. It was the first time he had set foot on Canadian soil.

Mr. Liaquat Ali Khan arrived in an aircraft sent to Boston by the Canadian Government to bring him for his four days' visit as the guest of the sister Dominion.

He was accompanied by the Begum, Mrs. S.M. Ikramullah, the Pakistan Foreign Secretary, and his official staff.

On arrival he was greeted by Mohammed Ali, the Pakistan High Commissioner to Canada, and Mohammed Ali's two sons garlanded him and presented flowers to the Begum.

The Canadian Prime Minister, Mr. Louis St. Laurent, then welcomed them.

Mr. St. Laurent presented to them Major-General H.F.G. Lesson, Secretary to the Governor-General of Canada, Field-Marshal Lord Alexander.

This was Mr. St. Laurent's and Mr. Liaquat Ali Khan's second meeting, the first being in London during the first Commonwealth Ministers' conference in the winter of 1948.

Mr. Liaquat Ali Khan was then conducted to the dais and received a general salute by the Guard of Honour furnished by the Canadian Air Force.

After the artillery salute he inspected the Guard of Honour.

### Meets cabinet

Mr. St. Laurent next introduced the members of his Cabinet and the Mayor of Ottawa and their wives, all of whom were sheltering under umbrellas from the drizzle.

Meanwhile, Mrs. C. D. Howe, wife of the Canadian Minister of Trade and Commerce, introduced the Canadian Ministers and their wives to the Begum.

The Pakistan High Commissioner then presented the mem-

## Fish poachers make fortune in Britain

London, May 30.

Highly organised gangs of poachers are making fortunes raiding trout and salmon streams of England and Scotland.

To get the fish which they sell in London and other cities they use explosives, poison and electrical devices to stun the fish, says a committee set up by the secretary for Scotland to report on the recent growth of poaching.

Many of the poachers are making £100 a night by raiding salmon and trout, the committee says.

In one area of Scotland taxi drivers are paid £25 a week for carrying the poached fish to disposal centres.

The commercial possibilities of poaching have been made possible, the committee says, by:

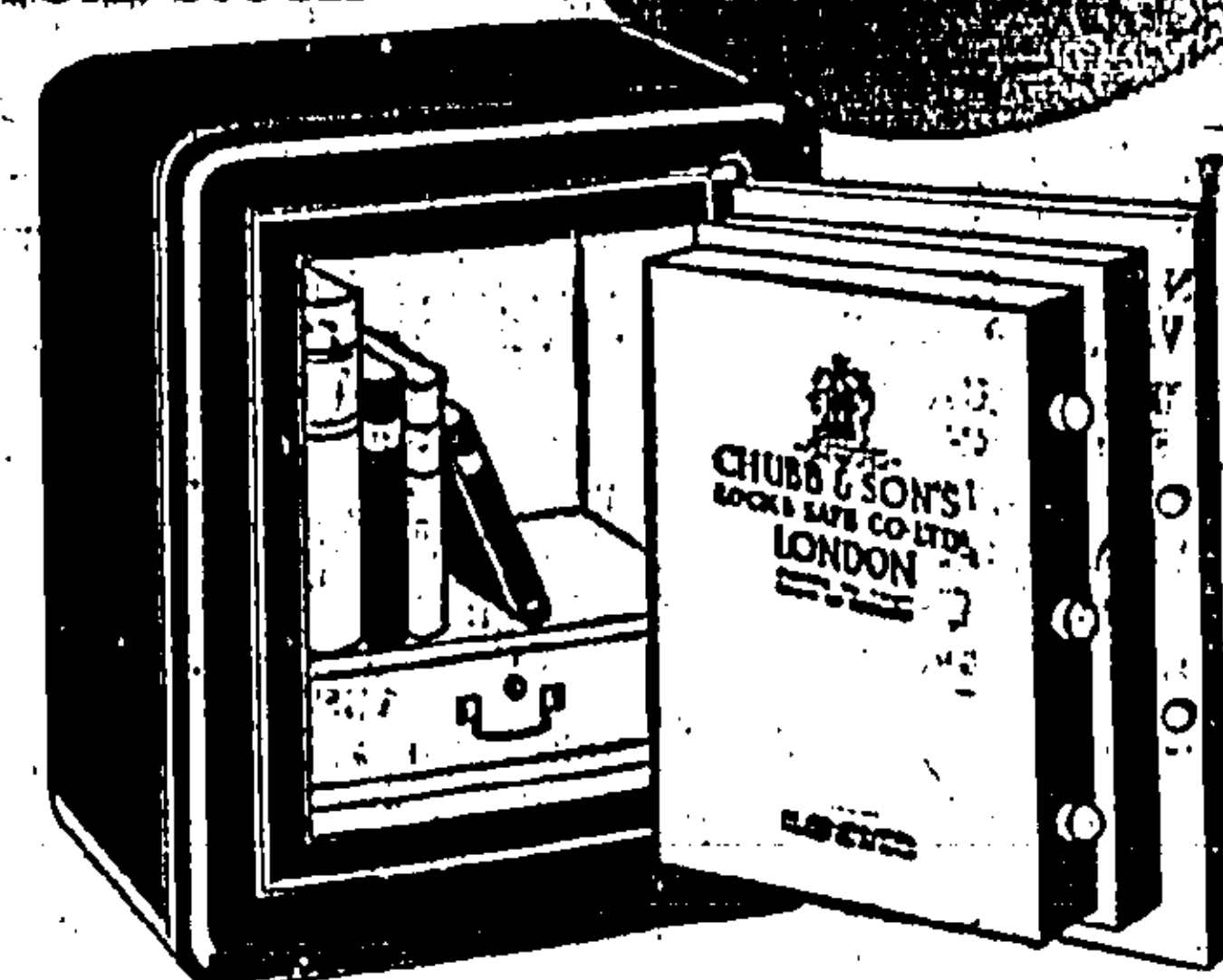
High prices for salmon and trout, inadequate penalties for poaching and the readiness of caterers and the public to buy "black" fish.

To break up poaching the committee suggested watchers for rivers and lakes, confiscation of equipment, including cars and boats, water powers to search, and licenses for dealers in salmon and trout.

Now the maximum penalty for salmon or trout poaching is a £5 fine.

That is no deterrent to a poacher who can get up to 10 shillings a pound for his illegally caught fish, said the committee.—Associated Press.

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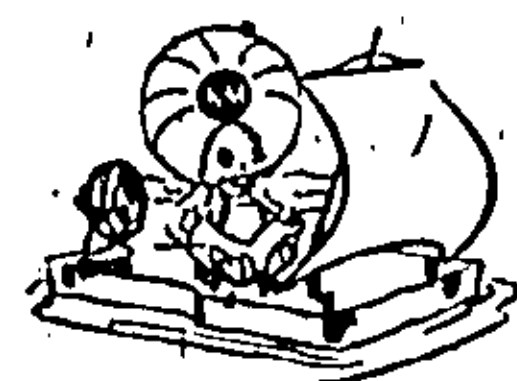


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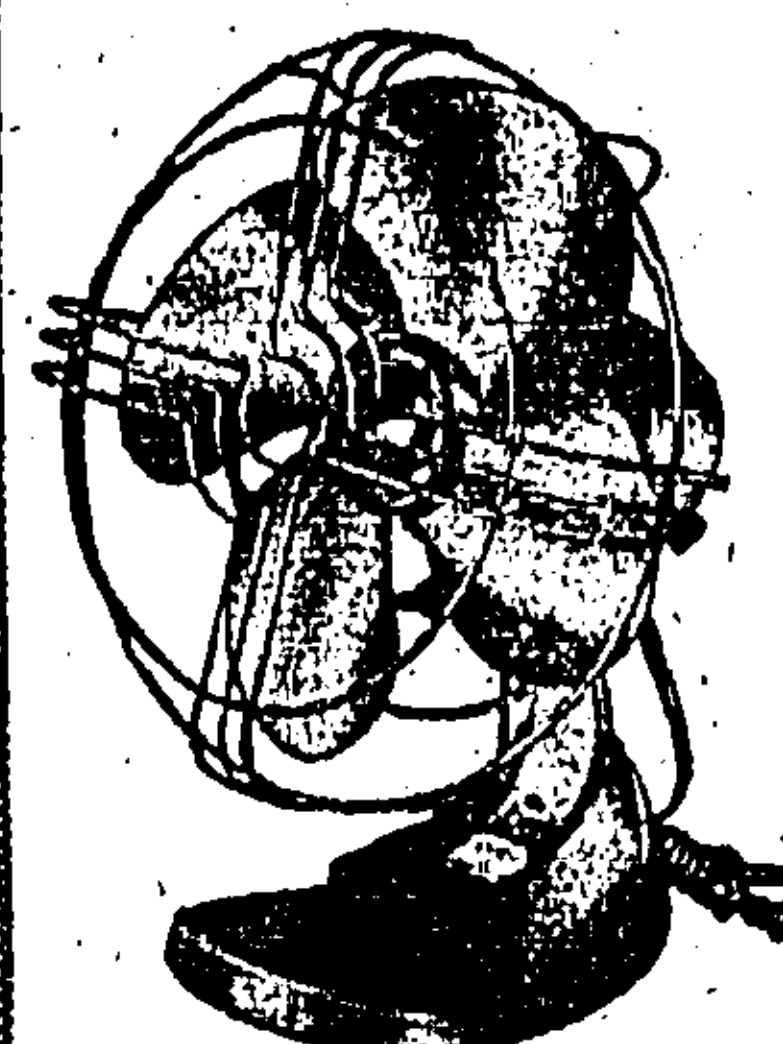
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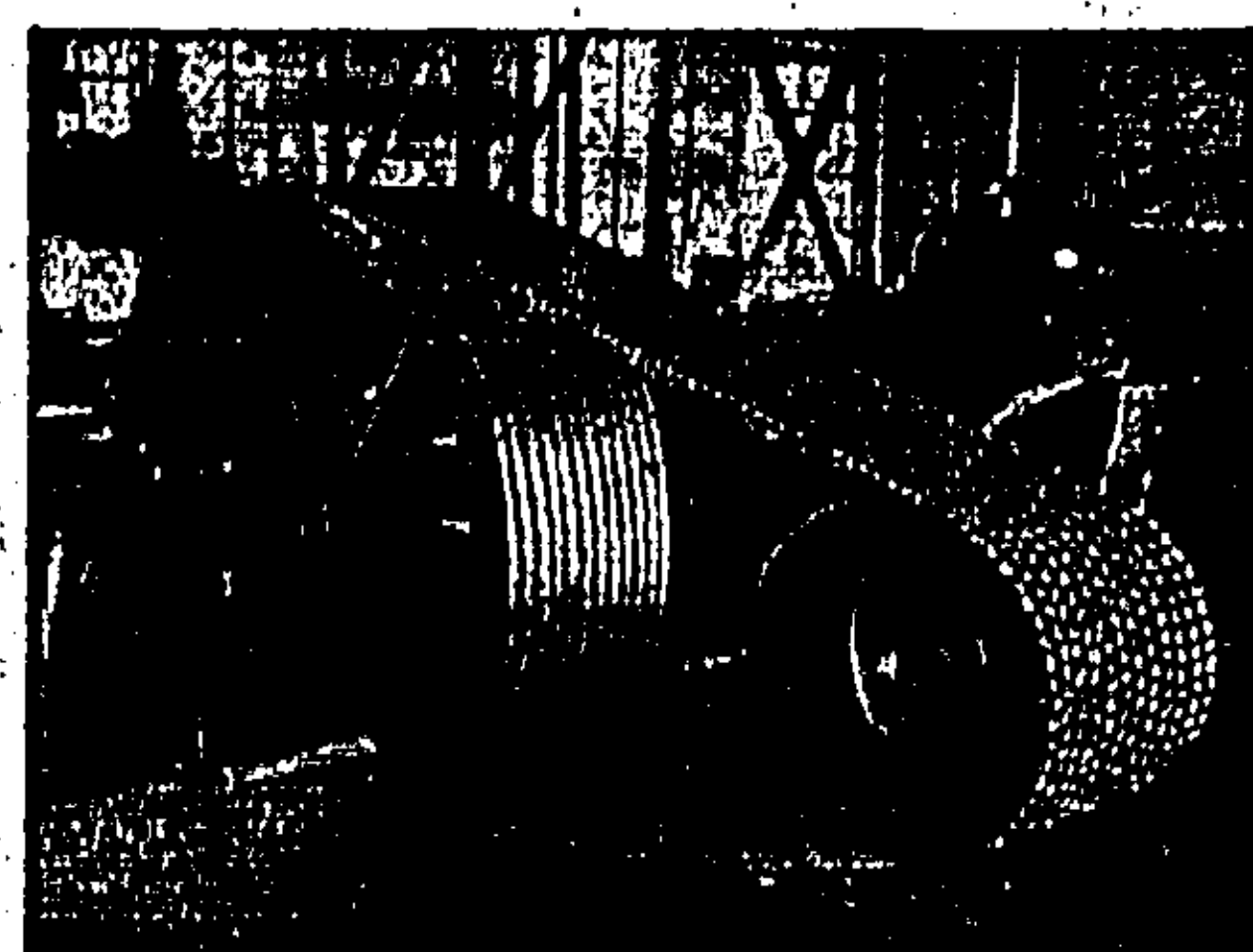


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## The Masons in Spain



Scenes for the Romulus Film "Pandora and the Flying Dutchman" are being shot in the building at Gerona, Spain. Here James Mason and his wife, Pamela Kellie, are pictured in the building during a break in production. Both will be coming to London soon to continue their parts in the film at Shepperton Studios.—AP Photo.

## Indonesia prepares for visit of Indian Premier

Jakarta, May 30.

The Indonesian Government is preparing for an estimated one million people to hear the Indian Prime Minister, Pandit Nehru, speak from the steps of President Soekarno's Palace at Jakarta on June 8.

His speech, in English, with an Indonesian translation, will be relayed through loudspeakers over the vast Merdeka (Freedom) Square extending from the gates of Merdeka Palace in the heart of the city.

Indonesian officials say that nearly a million people gathered in Merdeka Square to hear President Soekarno's address on December 27 last year following the transfer of sovereignty. One official said: "Indonesia looks on the Pandit as a big brother and the greatest figure in Asia. They remember he helped Indonesia's independence."

The Indian Embassy here tonight released details of Pandit Nehru's itinerary in his 10-day tour from June 7 to 17. He is to step from the cruiser—Dohi at 9.00 a.m. sharp on June 7 at Priok Pier, six miles from the heart of Jakarta.

After a welcome from President Soekarno, Pandit Nehru will drive to the Indonesian Parliament, where he will address the House for one hour. Then he will visit the Indian Embassy. He will attend a State banquet at night.

### Mass meeting

After addressing a mass meeting the following day, Pandit Nehru will invite President Soekarno, members of the Diplomatic Corps to dinner on board the Dohi. Pandit Nehru will leave Jakarta, the following day at the head of a convoy of cars carrying high Government officials and more than 20 newspapermen representing the world press. He will visit Bogor, noted for its botanical gardens, lunch at



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APB2

## King Farouk plans Swiss vacation

Berne, May 30.

King Farouk of Egypt may vacation in Switzerland soon, but the whereabouts of 17-year-old Nourin Sadek, the Egyptian beauty who is said to have captured the monarch's heart, remained a mystery on Tuesday.

Nourin was known to have left Cairo, presumably for Switzerland, but efforts to trail her were fruitless.

A spokesman at the Egyptian legation here said it is "not yet definitely decided when or whether the King will visit Switzerland, but I understand he is considering coming here shortly."

In Geneva, Marie Harasin, the wealthy owner of the 15-room villa, Merimont, next door to the exiled Belgian king, Leopold, told newsmen that an Egyptian visited her "with the offer to rent my villa for a third party whom he was reluctant to name." It was understood that several other villa owners along Lake Geneva also were approached by Egyptian agents.

An official legation spokesman here said he could not confirm that King Farouk planned to stay in Geneva, but he said reports that the King would marry Nourin in Switzerland were sheer nonsense.

Miss Sadek, who was engaged to a young Egyptian diplomat, Zaki Hachem, before she met Farouk, left Cairo, accompanied by an uncle, with a diplomatic passport on May 21. She was

## COMMUNISTS EXERTING PRESSURE IN CEYLON

Colombo, May 31.

As part of the overall Communist "offensive" down through the Indo-Pakistan subcontinent, Communist activities are being intensified in Ceylon.

Dr. S. A. Wickremasinghe, a leading Ceylonese Communist, has returned from a visit to Moscow and Peking.

He is reported to have brought back fresh instructions for Communists here.

The British Government, under agreement with the Dominion Government, continues to be responsible for the defence of this strategically important island with its naval and air bases, so that the growing Moscow-guided activity is a matter of direct concern to Britain.

Some observers here feel that the customary complacency with which the Government regards the Communists is becoming open to question. Skilful propaganda

and persistent organisation is making headway both in towns and among the lower-paid factory and clerical workers and in rural areas.

### Aided by inflation

Economic hardship caused by inflationary tendencies and the high prices of food are aiding the Communists' work. Indian Communists are busy among the large Indian community and have close links with the organisation on the Indian mainland.

There is evidence of some Communist penetration in the ranks of the labour force employed at Trincomalee naval base, Ceylon Trade Union Federation—one of several Union bodies in the island's, immature and, on the whole, unrepresentative labour sphere—is Communist-dominated and affiliated with the Moscow-controlled World Federation of Trade Unions.

It was revealed here a few days ago that a number of illegal radio transmitters operate on the island. Authoritative sources say it is known

that several of these are in contact with the Soviet Union. Although some of their operators may be enthusiastic amateurs, security officials are nevertheless concerned.

Reliance on the influence of Buddhism, Ceylon's principal religion, to check Communism is widespread in Government and commercial circles. It is known, however, that there are a number of Buddhists among Ceylon's Communists.

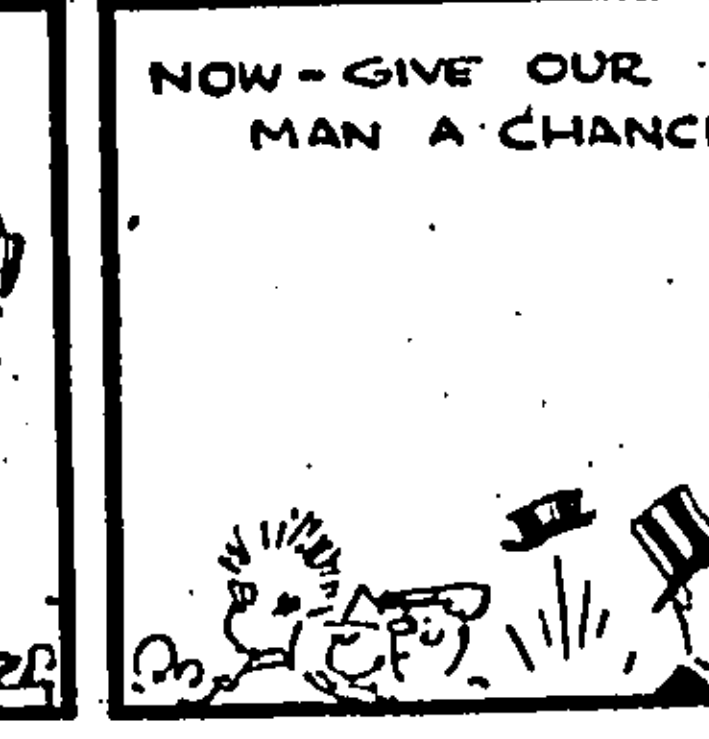
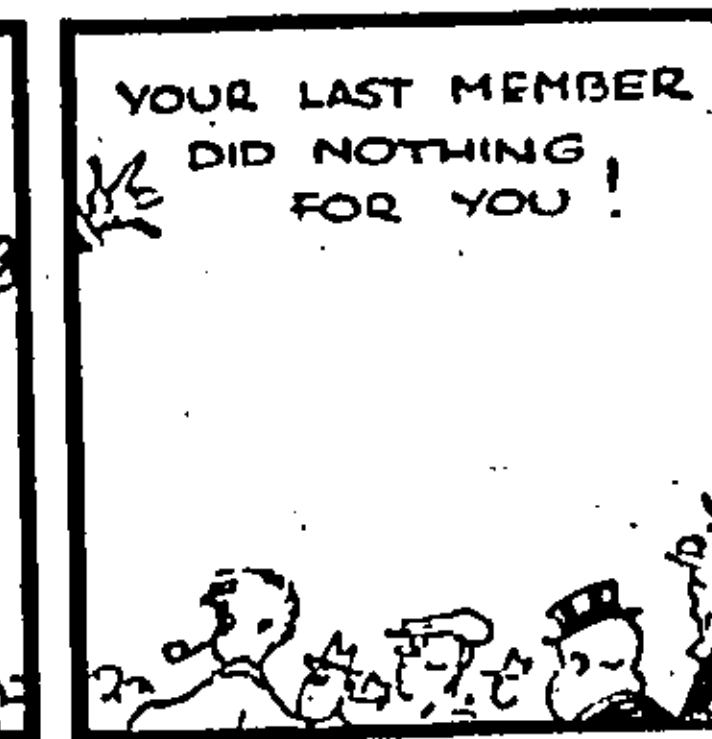
### Communist-led rioters

A sign of the increasing Communist work in rural districts was a riot at Ogodapola. Communists led a crowd of estate workers who clashed with police.

After a number of persons were injured, including two police sub-inspectors and several constables, the police opened fire wounding some of the rioters.

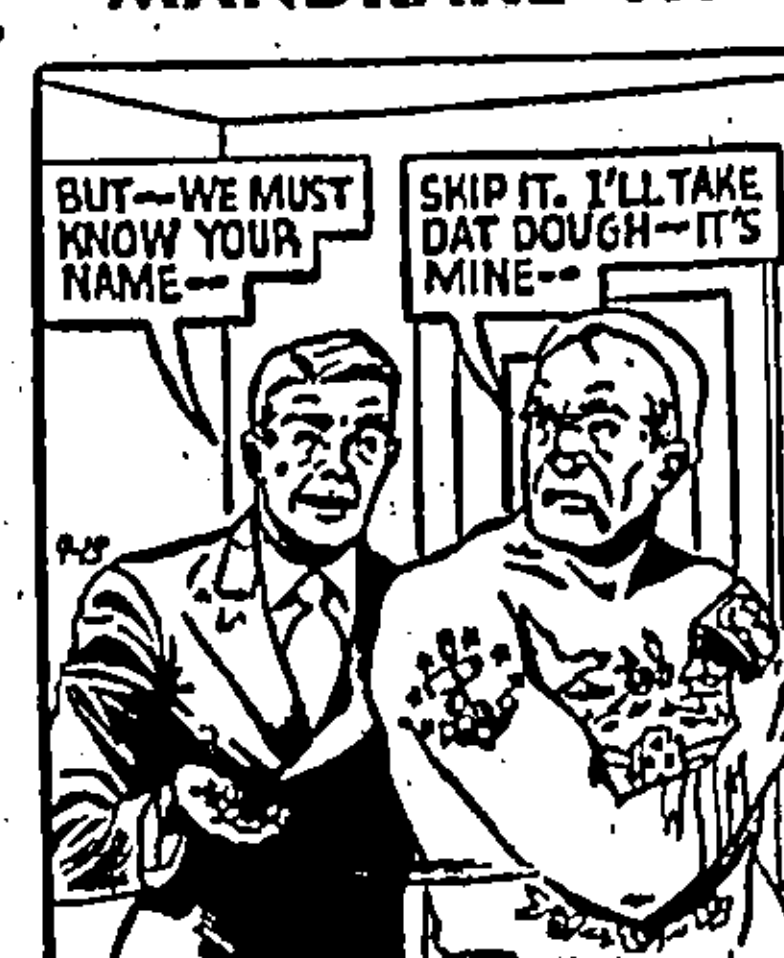
Ceylon is unique among the dominions on having three Communist parties in its Parliament. They are the pro-Soviet Ceylon Communist party (three seats) and two anti-Stalinist Trotskyite groups (15 seats among them). The latter two parties are now losing their following.

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| "TEGELBERG" | 17th June | 17th June |
| "TJIKAMPEK" | 17th June | 17th June |
| "RUYB"      | 17th June | 17th June |

**JAPAN**

| Ship        | ARRIVALS  | SAILINGS  |
|-------------|-----------|-----------|
| "TJIBADANE" | 7th June  | 11th June |
| "TJIBODANE" | 11th June | 11th June |
| "TEGELBERG" | 11th June | 11th June |
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| "RUYB"          | 14th June | 12th June |

**JAPAN**

| Ship            | ARRIVALS  | SAILINGS  |
|-----------------|-----------|-----------|
| "RYNKERK"       | 11th June | 11th June |
| "LANGLESCOT"    | 11th June | 11th June |
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| "STEEL ROVER"    | 8th June   | 24th June  | 15th July |
| "STEEL ADMIRAL"  | 7th July   | 25th July  | 15th Aug. |

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| m.v. "SUMATRA"  | End June | End June |
| m.v. "MINDORO"  | End June | End June |

**SAILINGS TO EUROPE**

| Ship           | ARRIVALS  | SAILINGS  |
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## FINANCE AND COMMERCE

# RUSSIA FAVOURING EUROPEAN GRAIN PACT, UN INFORMED

Geneva, May 30.  
Russia today sent a letter to the United Nations Economic Commission for Europe favouring a European grain pact and giving the "green light" for renewed efforts towards smoothly flowing East-West European trade.

## Britain's wheat purchases

Ottawa, May 30.  
The Canadian Trade Minister, Mr. Clarence Howe, announced in the House of Commons today that he expected that Britain would buy between 100,000,000 and 120,000,000 bushels of wheat from Canada in the year beginning on August 1, 1959.

Mr. Howe said that the transaction would be under the terms of the International Wheat agreement and that there would be no Anglo-Canadian wheat contract after July this year.

The United Kingdom had agreed to take 200,000 tons of Canadian flour as part of its purchases of Canadian wheat in the crop year 1959 and 1960, he added.

The new basis of buying will be open and competitive on price, Canada simply competing for Britain's market for dollar wheat.

Grain experts have calculated Britain's total wheat import needs for next season, including overseas needs, at about 210,000,000 bushels.

How much of this Britain can buy for soft currency depends on what Australia, Argentina, France, Russia and other possible suppliers have to offer, Reuters.

Selected to head the organization is Nils Kjaer Pedersen, Norwegian executive. The Danish Union also is making plans for the fourth Danish textile fair to be held August 4-10 at Herning, Jutland—Associated Press.

## SCANDINAVIAN TEXTILE GROUP

Copenhagen, May 30.  
The Danish Textile Union is sponsoring the formation of a Scandinavian Textile Association to promote co-operation between Danish, Swedish and Norwegian traders.

Selected to head the organization is Nils Kjaer Pedersen, Norwegian executive. The Danish Union also is making plans for the fourth Danish textile fair to be held August 4-10 at Herning, Jutland—Associated Press.

## FRESH FISH PRICES

Fresh fish average prices released by the Hong Kong Fish Wholesale Market, Kennedy Town, yesterday were:

| Species               | Unit      | Price  |
|-----------------------|-----------|--------|
| Yellow Croaker        | per catty | \$2.45 |
| Mud Grouper           | per catty | \$2.30 |
| Ginger Fish           | per catty | \$1.57 |
| Golden Thread         | per catty | \$1.70 |
| Conger Fish           | per catty | \$1.40 |
| Red Sea Bream (large) | per catty | \$1.60 |
| White Herring         | per catty | \$1.20 |
| Hair Tail             | per catty | \$1.05 |

## NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES

Consignees Per  
S.S. "SOROL"

are hereby notified that their cargo is being discharged into the Hong Kong & Kowloon Wharf & Godown Co.'s godown, where it will be at Consignee's risk and subject to the Wharf's terms and conditions of storage, and where delivery may be obtained.

Damaged packages are to be left in the godowns for examination by Consignees and the Company's Surveyors, Messrs. Carmichael & Clarke, at 10 a.m. on June 2, 1959.

To comply with the General Bonded Warehouse Regulations, consignees must have a Revenue Officer in attendance when damaged dutiable goods are examined.

No claims will be admitted after the goods have left the bonded warehouse, and all goods remaining undelivered after June 3, 1959, will be subject to rent.

All claims against the steamer must be presented to the undersigned on or before June 17, 1959, or they will not be recognized.

No fire insurance will be accepted.

**W. R. LOXLEY & CO. (CHINA) LTD.**  
HONG KONG, MAY 30, 1959.

Announcing receipt of the letter, the Commission's Secretary said that this was the signal to renew attempts to smooth out the hundreds of technical difficulties hindering the flow of trade between East and West Europe. He put the plan for a grain pact to the Russian Government during his recent visit to Moscow, he told reporters.

In its letter to the Commission the Soviet Government commended the initiative and efforts of the Commission's Secretary, Mr. Gunnar Myrdal, and declared, "These efforts, should they find support in the Western and Eastern countries concerned, would play a positive role in the development of intra-European trade."

"The USSR is ready, as in the past, to give its support to the development of intra-European trade on terms which safeguard the mutual interests of the parties concerned."

"In due course, representatives of the Soviet Union will be able to take part in the examination of the proposals and estimates drawn up by the Secretariat of the Economic Commission for Europe relating to the grain agreement safeguarding the interests of grain importers and suppliers alike," the letter further said.

The plan was submitted to all European governments in an effort to revive East-West trade, which is stagnating at a little over half the pre-war level.

Mr. Myrdal said, "A large number of governments have expressed their readiness to get down to discussing business on a technical level."

He said that the United States was not prepared to relinquish its export licensing policy, banning the shipment of potential war material to Eastern Europe. The Eastern European Governments still regarded this policy as the primary obstacle to be removed.

But both sides desired to step up East-West trade, and discussion of the grain proposal might pave the way for significant developments.

The grain question was not formally on the agenda of the Commission's annual meeting, which opens here tomorrow, but it is likely to be raised in connection with the general East-West trade debate.

In Washington, Colonel Stanley Andrews, Director for Foreign

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## Political manoeuvre

He added: "As a political manoeuvre, Soviet Russia would not hesitate to let some of its national go short, in order to export it to Europe."

He said, Soviet Russia, through Poland and Hungary, "has offered wheat to Western Germany at \$90 per ton. Russia has offered wheat to Italy at \$100 per ton."

Consequently, Soviet Russia appears to fix the price for wheat according to her political aims."

He said these Soviet tactics are repeated in the Far East, where Soviet dominated firms in China are offering through intermediaries in Hong Kong soybeans at \$10 to \$15 less than the market price in the United States.

He said the Netherlands has bought some at this price.

Colonel Andrews added: "The United States Army has bought for Japan about 40,000 tons of these soybeans, and the dollars were used to buy raw cotton in the United States, presumably for Communist China."

He said: "There is nothing illegal about buying cotton here for Communist China."

He said the Department will watch closely any further Soviet efforts to sell wheat to Western Europe—Reuters and United Press.

## U.S. cotton textile trade down

New York, May 30.  
American cotton textile men say their export trade has dropped more than US-\$500,000,000 due to devaluation of foreign currencies and increased low cost foreign competition.

This sum, they say, is equivalent to 32,000 American textile jobs and millions of wage dollars.

They compiled the figures in a battle against any further reduction of tariffs. They said tariffs already have been slashed at least a third since 1925 and some items have been hit by 75 per cent cuts.

The American Cotton Manufacturers' Institute, the National Association of Cotton Manufacturers, the Association of Cotton Textile Merchants of New York, and the Textile Export Association of the United States joined in preparing the brief for coming tariff hearings.

They have filed a survey of their views with the Committee for Reciprocity Information in Washington. Their testimony will be presented at committee hearings for consideration in tariff negotiations in England in September.

United States Department of Commerce figures show that exports of cotton cloth from the U.S. in the first quarter this year were 120,400,000 square yards, a decline of 37.5 per cent from the first quarter last year.

The Commerce Department figures showed particularly heavy loss in the United Kingdom-Carson-Ethiopia-Pakistan group, which took only 20,000 yards in the first quarter this year, compared with 22,000,000 yards for the same period last year—Associated Press.

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## Hong Kong Stock Exchange

A neglected market.

H.K. GOVT. LOANS  
4% Loan 80b.  
5 1/2% Loan (1951 & 1952) 80b.  
5 1/2% Loan (1951) 97 1/2b.

BANKS  
H.K. & S. Bank 122 1/2b.  
(Lon. Reg.) 270 1/2b.  
Chartered Bank 20 1/2b.  
Mercantile Bank A. & C. 22 1/2b.  
Bank of East Asia 100b.

INSURANCES  
Canton Ins. 280b.  
Union Ins. 88b. 800b.  
China Underwriters 4b.  
H.K. Fire Ins. 200b.

SHIPPING  
Douglas 800b.  
H.K. & S. Steamship 11b.  
Indo China (Reg.) 10 1/2b.  
(Reg.) 10 1/2b.  
Shells (Reg.) 80 1/2b.  
Union Waterways 20b.  
Asia Nav. 10b. 80b.

DOCKS, WHARVES, GODOWNS, ETC.  
H.K. & S. Wharves 80b.  
North Point Wharves 500b.  
Shanghai Wharves 14b.  
H.K. Docks 11b.  
China Docks 800b.  
Shanghai Dockyards 210b.  
Wharves 21b. 80b.

LANDS, HOTELS & PLACES.  
H. & S. Hotels 81b.  
H.K. Lands 11b.  
Shanghai Lands 1b.  
Shanghai 4b.  
H.K. Hotels 1b.  
Colonial Hotels 11b.

PUBLIC UTILITIES  
H.K. Tramways 10,000, 10,000b.  
Peak Tram (Old) 30b.  
(New) 30b.  
Star Ferry 12b. 100b.  
O. Light (Old) 20b. 100b.  
(New) 20b. 100b.  
H.K. Electric 20b. 20 1/2b.  
Macao Electric 10b. 10b.  
H.K. Electric 10b. 10b.  
Sands Light 80b.  
Telephone Ex-Dir. 14b.  
Shanghai Gas 1 1/2b.

INDUSTRIALS  
Caid. Macar. (Ord.) 11b.  
Canton Ins. 80b.  
Densetsu 11b.  
H.K. Pipes 12b.

STORES, ETC.  
Dairy Farms Ex-Dir. 10b. 10b. 12b.  
R. 1b. 1b.  
Wahsons 21b.  
L. Cheong 22b.  
Shanghai 11b.  
China Emporium 80b.  
Sun Co. Ltd. 170b.  
Kwong Sang Hong 90b.  
Wing On (H.K.) 40b.  
Wm. Powell, Ltd. 80b.

COFFINS  
China Entertainments 14b.  
H.K. Constructions (Old) 100b.  
(New) 120b.  
Sino Films 10b.  
Maraman Investments 90b.  
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Shanghai Loan 1b.  
Yongtong 100b.

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